### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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# REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Shareholders and Board of Directors of TRC Construction Public Company Limited

### **Opinion**

I have audited the consolidated financial statements of TRC Construction Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and I have audited the separate financial statements of TRC Construction Public Company Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in shareholders' equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of TRC Construction Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended and the separate financial position of TRC Construction Public Company Limited as at December 31, 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

### **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further describe in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition, costs from construction agreement and provision of liabilities from construction project

As discussed in Note 4.1 Construction contract income, accounting policies for revenue and costs of construction services and Note 4.18 Accounting policies in relation to significant accounting judgements and significant accounting estimates for estimated cost of construction projects and provision of liabilities from construction projects, I consider that revenue recognition, costs and estimates of possible loss from construction agreements are significant risks in the audit due to cost income from construction agreements recognised by the Group in each period has a significant amount when compared to total revenue, total cost of the Group. In addition, the valuation process includes an appropriate period for revenue recognition, costs and estimates of potential losses require the significant judgment of the management to assess the stage of completion of the construction and the possibility of loss and measure the loss that may arise. It may cause the risks related to the value of income, costs and estimates of possible losses from construction agreements.

### Risk response by auditor

- To inquire the responsible management and understand the process of obtaining revenue from construction agreements, estimation and project cost adjustments, revenue and cost recognition, estimation the work completion and potential loss that may arise from construction agreements.
- To test the effectiveness of the internal control system established by the Group to control the contracting process, estimation and project cost adjustments, revenue recognition, costs and estimates of work completion and possible loss that may arise from construction agreements.
- To check the actual costs with the supporting documents and test the calculation of the stage of work completion from the actual costs incurred, check the project completion stages estimated by the project manager with the assessment reports submitted to the project owner including consideration of conformity with the assessment documentation and request a written certification from the responsible person of the project, review the management's supporting reasons for the differences between the success stages of work that are considered from the proportion of actual construction work assessed by project engineers and the stage of completion based on the actual construction cost incurred as at the end of the period and the estimated construction cost, visit the project and observe the measurement of the success of the work, comparative analysis of gross profit margin of construction with project cost estimate to assess the estimation of possible losses incurred, read the construction agreement and inquire the management about the conditions and risks of such agreements regarding revenue recognition and estimation of potential losses incurred.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance in order for those charged with governance to correct the misstatement.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's a financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

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I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with

relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related

safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those

matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and separate

financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in

my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in

extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because

the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits

of such communication.

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's

report is Miss Nitinee Kittikunapong.

(Miss Nitinee Kittikunapong)

Certified Public Accountant

Registration No. 8843

Dharmniti Auditing Company Limited

Bangkok, Thailand

February 28, 2024

### ${\bf TRC\ CONSTRUCTION\ PUBLIC\ COMPANY\ LIMITED\ AND\ ITS\ SUBSIDIARIES}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ FINANCIAL\ POSITION}$

### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

### **ASSETS**

		Baht			
	·	Consolidated financial statements		Separate finance	ial statements
	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022
CURRENT ASSETS	•				
Cash and cash equivalents	6	27,031,569	15,709,111	6,737,188	7,037,598
Trade and other current receivables	5, 7	203,297,745	247,033,193	120,499,197	144,069,405
Contract assets	5, 8	2,387,172,638	2,742,292,286	433,407,498	552,995,810
Short-term loans to related parties	5	5,977,999	17,969,257	2,778,001	2,778,001
Advances paid to subcontractors under					
construction contracts	5	367,649,100	354,245,383	34,067,521	23,597,275
Inventories	9	-	1,608,139	-	1,608,139
Withholding tax deducted at source	10	124,645,399	122,855,647	64,425,762	79,856,996
Other current assets	11	49,313,087	49,702,189	15,823,930	10,612,643
Total current assets		3,165,087,537	3,551,415,205	677,739,097	822,555,867
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Restricted deposits at banks	12	86,206,853	53,552,506	32,367,500	26,115,000
Other non-current financial assets	15	5,000,000	-	-	-
Long-term loans to related parties	5	-	-	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	13	-	-	477,372,377	477,372,377
Investments in associate	14	9,505,526	-	12,500,000	-
Investments in joint ventures	15	87,712,316	123,990,703	99,999,900	115,375,287
Property, plant and equipment	16	526,174,919	571,987,169	500,189,147	547,389,249
Right-of-use assets	17	22,955,707	14,673,263	12,125,307	12,969,868
Intangible assets	18	6,919,499	9,096,591	6,748,418	8,899,288
Deferred tax assets	19	9,007,041	20,507,563	6,264,634	17,582,843
Other non-current assets		8,307,037	8,168,265	996,175	1,574,294
Total non-current assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	761,788,898	801,976,060	1,148,563,458	1,207,278,206
TOTAL ASSETS		3,926,876,435	4,353,391,265	1,826,302,555	2,029,834,073

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONT.)

### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

### **LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

Baht

		Bant				
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate finance	cial statements	
	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	•					
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans						
from financial institutions	20	878,460,810	939,908,999	257,990,242	307,402,365	
Trade and other current payables	5, 21	987,108,104	788,918,857	530,848,541	407,216,440	
Unbilled payable		857,070,907	1,174,281,648	91,981,859	147,488,550	
Contract liabilities	8	559,811,223	617,556,759	75,401,951	87,180,221	
Short-term loans from other companies	22	19,500,000	-	16,000,000	-	
Short-term loans from related person or parties	5	280,102,031	73,300,000	928,543,478	712,213,933	
Accounts payable - retention under						
construction contracts		361,062,008	284,929,835	34,208,345	32,842,708	
Provision for liabilities under						
construction projects	23	52,716,760	64,486,304	28,772,727	61,462,896	
Current portion of lease liabilities	24	10,807,994	10,378,697	7,070,021	6,784,394	
Income tax payable		-	238,639	-	-	
Other current liabilities	25	84,528,404	33,670,802	39,379,045	8,606,259	
Total current liabilities	·	4,091,168,241	3,987,670,540	2,010,196,209	1,771,197,766	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Lease liabilities	24	12,695,517	7,803,892	6,394,761	7,493,936	
Non-current provisions for employee benefits	26	47,830,328	38,705,103	33,958,037	27,187,876	
Provision for litigation	35	-	2,493,836	-	2,493,836	
Non-other current liabilities	5	13,890,006	13,890,006		-	
Total non-current liabilities		74,415,851	62,892,837	40,352,798	37,175,648	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,165,584,092	4,050,563,377	2,050,549,007	1,808,373,414	

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONT.)

### AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2023

### **LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONT.)**

		Baht				
	•	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financi	ial statements	
	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Share capital	•					
Registered						
9,587,146,838 ordinary shares of Baht 0.125 each		1,198,393,355	1,198,393,355	1,198,393,355	1,198,393,355	
Issued and paid-up	•					
9,587,146,838 ordinary shares of Baht 0.125 each		1,198,393,355	1,198,393,355	1,198,393,355	1,198,393,355	
Other deficit		-	-	-	-	
Retained earnings (deficits)						
Appropriated - statutory reserve						
The Company	28	-	-	-	-	
Subsidiary		-	-	-	-	
Unappropriated		(1,454,160,675)	(913,844,821)	(1,422,639,807)	(976,932,696)	
Other components of shareholders' equity	_	15,108,533	15,818,224	-	-	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	•	(240,658,787)	300,366,758	(224,246,452)	221,460,659	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		1,951,130	2,461,130		-	
Total shareholders' equity	•	(238,707,657)	302,827,888	(224,246,452)	221,460,659	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUI	TY	3,926,876,435	4,353,391,265	1,826,302,555	2,029,834,073	

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Baht Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements 2023 2022 2023 2022 Notes REVENUES 5, 33 850,509,657 Construction services income 2,124,510,351 3,283,819,565 1,020,766,172 16,755,855 57,870,217 Other services income 1,600,263 Sales income Interest income 1,114,628 1,211,743 228,477 70,038 Other income 51,497,329 28,518,894 44,956,224 22,800,534 2,193,878,163 3,373,020,682 895,694,358 1,043,636,744 Total revenues **EXPENSES** 29 Cost of construction services 5 2,247,414,133 3,067,463,106 951,693,940 913,209,684 Cost of other services 14,754,455 52,045,242 Cost of sales 1,222,402 258,032,438 258,320,791 187,205,163 Administrative expenses 199,381,886 Loss from business dissolution in the subsidiary 13 36,845,368 1,112,591,570 2,520,201,026 3,415,896,909 Total expenses 1,138,899,103 (42,876,227) Profit (loss) from operating activities (326,322,863) (243, 204, 745) (68,954,826) Impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss (impairment loss) determind in accordance with TFRS 9 (131,566)(114,025,405) 5 (68,125,799) (42,550,115) (77,158,752) (45,129,400) Finance cost Share of profit (loss) from investments in associate 14.2 (119,193,967) Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint venture (14,101,292) (21,036,979) 15.1 Profit (loss) before income tax expenses (527,875,487) (106,463,321) (434,388,902) (114,084,226) Income tax income (expenses) 30 (12,440,367)(6,091,248)(11,318,209)(23,237)PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (540,315,854) (112,554,569) (445,707,111) (114,107,463)

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONT.)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

		Baht			
		Consolidated finar	ncial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	Notes	2023	2022	2023	2022
Other comprehensive income:					
Components of other comprehensive income to be					
reclassified to profit or loss					
Exchange differences on translation of financial statemen	ts				
in foreign currency - net of income tax		(709,691)	(3,631,811)	-	-
Components of other comprehensive income not to be					
reclassified to profit or loss					
Actuarial gains - net of income tax	26	-	14,367,755	-	5,819,594
Other comprehensive income for the year - net of income tax		(709,691)	10,735,944	-	5,819,594
Total comprehensive income for the year		(541,025,545)	(101,818,625)	(445,707,111)	(108,287,869)
Profit (loss) attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		(540,315,854)	(111,960,817)	(445,707,111)	(114,107,463)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		-	(593,752)	-	-
		(540,315,854)	(112,554,569)	(445,707,111)	(114,107,463)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		(541,025,545)	(97,892,958)	(445,707,111)	(108,287,869)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		-	(3,925,667)	-	-
		(541,025,545)	(101,818,625)	(445,707,111)	(108,287,869)
Earnings per share	31				
Basic earnings (loss) per share					
Profit (loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company					
( Baht per share )		(0.0564)	(0.0117)	(0.0465)	(0.0119)

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Consolidated financial statements Equity attributable to the parent's shareholders Equity attributable Total Issued and Other dificit Retained earnings (deficit) Other components of equity Total equity shareholders' Appropriated - Statutory reserve paid-up Deficit on Total Unappropriated Other comprehensive income Total other attributable to interests of equity share capital revaluation other deficit Subsidiary Exchange differences shareholders of The Company Share of other components of the subsidiaries of investment on translation comprehensive shareholders' the Company in subsidiaries of financial statements income from equity Note in foreign currency associate Balance as at January 1, 2022 1,198,393,355 (2,955,890) (2,955,890) 4,108,018 (816,251,759) 15,218,346 899,774 16,118,120 399,411,844 (31,610,699) 367,801,145 Profit (loss) for the year (111,960,817) (111,960,817) (593,752) (112,554,569) Other comprehensive income for the year 14,367,755 (299,896) (299,896) 14,067,859 (3,331,915) 10,735,944 Total comprehensive income for the year (97,593,062) (299,896) (299,896) (97,892,958) (3,925,667) (101,818,625) Effective loss from business dissolution 2,955,890 2,955,890 (4,108,018)(1,152,128) 37,997,496 36,845,368 in the subsidiary 1,198,393,355 (913,844,821) 14,918,450 899,774 15,818,224 300,366,758 2,461,130 302,827,888 Balance as at December 31, 2022 Balance as at January 1, 2023 1,198,393,355 (913,844,821) 14,918,450 899,774 15,818,224 300,366,758 2,461,130 302,827,888 Profit (loss) for the year (540,315,854) (540,315,854) (540,315,854) Other comprehensive income for the year (709,691)(709,691)(709,691) (709,691) Total comprehensive income for the year (540,315,854) (709,691) (709,691) (541,025,545) (541,025,545) Effective loss from business dissolution in the subsidiary 13 (510,000) (510,000) Balance as at December 31, 2023 1,198,393,355 (1,454,160,675) 14,208,759 899,774 15,108,533 (240,658,787) 1,951,130 (238,707,657)

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONT.)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### Baht

	_				
		Separate financial statements			
		Issued and	Retained earnings (deficit)		Total
		paid-up	Appropriated -	Unappropriated	shareholders'
	Note	share capital	Statutory reserve		equity
Balance as at January 1, 2022		1,198,393,355	-	(868,644,827)	329,748,528
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	(114,107,463)	(114,107,463)
Other comprehensive income for the year	_			5,819,594	5,819,594
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>-</u>	-	(108,287,869)	(108,287,869)
Balance as at December 31, 2022	=	1,198,393,355	<u>-</u>	(976,932,696)	221,460,659
Balance as at January 1, 2023		1,198,393,355	-	(976,932,696)	221,460,659
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	(445,707,111)	(445,707,111)
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	<u>-</u>			-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	(445,707,111)	(445,707,111)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	_	1,198,393,355	-	(1,422,639,807)	(224,246,452)

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS}$

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Baht			
	Consolidated finar	ncial statements	Separate financial statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities			- "	_
Profit (loss) before tax	(527,875,487)	(106,463,321)	(434,388,902)	(114,084,226)
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) before tax				
to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities				
Depreciation and amortisation	66,193,684	69,579,435	61,316,461	62,262,757
Expected credit loss allowance (Reverse)	131,566	979,227	114,025,405	979,227
Allowance for decline in value of inventories (Reverse)	(693,793)	-	(693,793)	-
Unrealised (gain) loss on exchange rate	(400,139)	344,179	(400,139)	344,179
(Gain) loss on disposal of equipment	(74,764)	(475,049)	(74,764)	(442,050)
Loss on write-off of equipment	417,771	1,931,353	247,940	1,926,638
Loss from business dissolution in the subsidiary	-	36,845,368	-	-
Loss from the reduction of proportion in joint venture	3,040,434	-	-	-
Share of (profit) loss from investments in associate	119,193,967	-	-	-
Share of (profit) loss from investments in joint venture	14,666,574	21,238,410	-	-
Provision for litigation (Reverse)	(1,701,056)	-	(1,701,056)	-
Provision for liabilities under construction projects	217,947,359	28,037,174	135,353,052	3,500,000
Non-current provisions for employee benefits	9,237,425	7,884,501	6,882,361	5,864,767
Interest income	(1,114,628)	(1,211,743)	(228,477)	(70,038)
Interest expenses	68,125,799	42,550,115	77,158,752	45,129,400
Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in		- "	- '-	_
operating assets and liabilities	(32,905,288)	101,239,649	(42,503,160)	5,410,654
(Increase) decrease in operating assets				
Trade and other current receivables	45,312,703	161,254,198	25,889,406	92,700,707
Contract assets	355,119,648	(456,734,112)	119,588,312	192,774,957
Advance paid to subcontractors under construction contracts	(13,403,717)	26,538,062	(10,470,246)	15,497,471
Inventories	2,301,932	-	2,301,932	-
Other current assets	389,102	(25,867,681)	(5,211,287)	(1,168,741)
Other non-current assets	(138,772)	(3,413,362)	578,119	(10,119)

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ (CONT.)}$

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Baht			
	Consolidated final	ncial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities				
Trade and other current payables	179,861,009	9,888,990	102,417,329	(10,176,011)
Unbilled payables	(317,210,741)	334,553,432	(55,506,691)	(48,891,177)
Contract liabilities	(57,745,536)	(293,435,829)	(11,778,270)	(130,691,667)
Accounts payable - retention under construction contracts	76,132,173	55,323,381	1,365,637	5,029,787
Other current liabilities	50,857,602	25,901,442	30,772,786	(7,410,175)
Other non-current liabilities	<u> </u>	13,890,006	-	-
Cash flows from provide by (used in) operating activities	288,570,115	(50,861,824)	157,443,867	113,065,686
Cash paid for provision for liabilities under construction projects	(229,716,903)	(39,545,075)	(168,043,221)	(1,263,223)
Cash paid for provision for litigation	(792,780)	-	(792,780)	-
Cash paid for non-current provision for employee benefits	(112,200)	(12,485,928)	(112,200)	(8,451,016)
Cash paid for income tax	(48,443,453)	(115,447,956)	(29,372,348)	(92,765,920)
Received from withholding tax refund	45,469,861	57,775,976	44,803,582	57,712,506
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	54,974,640	(160,564,807)	3,926,900	68,298,033
Cash flows from investing activities				
Decrease (increase) in restricted deposits at bank	(32,654,347)	(21,592,852)	(6,252,500)	2,995,000
Cash paid for investing in other non-current financial assets	(5,000,000)	-	-	-
Cash receive from short-term loans to related parties	11,991,258	6,008,744	-	-
Cash paid for short-term loans to related parties	-	(2,778,001)	(596,065)	(2,778,001)
Cash paid for long-term loans to related parties	-	-	(113,303,500)	-
Cash paid for investing in associate	(119,253,526)	-	(6,250,025)	-
Cash paid for investing in joint venture	-	(6,340,050)	-	(6,000,050)
Cash received from the payaback of capital in joint venture	6,749,825	-	6,749,825	-
Interest income	1,787,120	549,090	159,026	33,124
Cash received from disposal of equipment	74,766	475,056	74,766	442,056
Cash paid for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(9,588,157)	(15,608,854)	(5,712,996)	(15,218,641)
Cash paid for purchase of intangible assets		(224,470)	<u>-</u>	(153,470)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	(145,893,061)	(39,511,337)	(125,131,469)	(20,679,982)

### TRC CONSTRUCTION PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ (CONT.)}$

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Baht			
	Consolidated finan	icial statements	Separate financial statement	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash flows from financing activities				
Increase (decrease) in bank overdrafts and short-term loans				
from financial institutions	(61,448,189)	143,292,146	(49,412,123)	(65,755,161)
Cash receive from short-term loans from other companies	19,500,000	-	16,000,000	-
Cash receive from short-term loans from person or related parties	219,702,031	75,300,000	376,416,527	232,913,933
Cash paid for short-term loans from person or related parties	(12,900,000)	(2,000,000)	(160,086,982)	(213,700,000)
Interest expenses	(49,774,062)	(39,302,849)	(55,891,332)	(16,770,620)
Cash paid for lease liabilities	(11,619,210)	(10,813,797)	(6,121,931)	(6,957,215)
Cash payments for return of capital to minor shareholders of				
the subsidiary	(510,000)	-	-	-
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	102,950,570	166,475,500	120,904,159	(70,269,063)
Increase (decrease) in translation adjustment	(709,691)	(3,631,811)	-	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	11,322,458	(37,232,455)	(300,410)	(22,651,012)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	15,709,111	52,941,566	7,037,598	29,688,610
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	27,031,569	15,709,111	6,737,188	7,037,598
Supplemental cash flows information				
Non-cash items consist of				
Increase (decrease) in purchase of fixed assets				
that have yet to be paid	376,641	(5,082,478)	347,492	(5,036,916)

16,940,131

7,731,682

5,308,382

7,123,048

Notes to financial statements form an integral part of these statements.

Increase in lease liabilities

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### (A) Operating Results of the Company

TRC Construction Public Company Limited ("the Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The Company is principally engaged in construction service and its registered address is No. 8, Soi Sukhapiban 5 Soi 32, Kwang Tha Raeng, Khet Bang Khen, Bangkok.

### (B) Assumption underlying the preparation of the financial statements

As at December 31, 2023, the Group have higher current liabilities than current assets for Baht 926 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 1,332 million). The capital deficiency loss is Baht 239 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 224 million) and operating loss of Baht 540 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 446 million), mainly due to the recording of bad debts and allowance for doubtful accounts from lending to subsidiaries and indirect subsidiaries to invest in ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited (associated company) and the outstanding balances related to construction projects received from the associated company. This is due to the uncertain situation in the project development of the associated company. The management plans to allocate the capital increase ordinary shares.

According to the resolution of the Board of Directors Meeting No. 8/2023 held on October 9, 2023, and According to the Extraordinary Shareholders Meeting No. 1/2023 held on November 27, 2023 to consider approving the allocation of capital increase ordinary shares in an amount not exceeding 2,396,786,710 shares with a par value of Baht 0.125 per share and offer for sale to existing shareholders of the Company in proportion to their shareholding in an allocation ratio of 4 existing ordinary shares to 1 capital increase ordinary share at an offering price of Baht 0.20 to enhance the liquidity of the Group. In addition, the management has prepared the business operation plan, set a policy for new customer base expansion to increase revenues, policy to control expense to reduce operating costs and the Company has adequate short-term loan for its operation.

Later on February 1, 2024, the Company has received the capital increase from the allocation amounted Baht 479,357,342. The Company has registered the paid-up change in registered capital of Baht 1,497,991,693.50 with the Department of Business Development, Ministry of Commerce. Therefore, the Company can continue to operate on a going concern. From the above reasons, these financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles based on the accounting assumption that the business will continue as a going concern. Therefore, assets are not adjusted for their salable prices and liabilities are not adjusted for the amounts that would have to be repaid and reclassified. This may be necessary if the Company cannot continue to operate as a going concern.

### 2. BASIS FOR PREPARATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of TRC Construction Public Company Limited and the following subsidiaries which are owned directly and indirectly by the Company.

			Percentage of shareholding (%) As at December 31,	
		Country of		
Name	Business type	registration	2023	2022
Held by the Company				
Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited	Construction service - basic	Thailand	99.99	99.99
	infrastructure			
TRC Investment Limited	Holding company	The Republic of	100.00	100.00
		Mauritius		
Olive Technology Company Limited	Data management and	Thailand	49.97	49.97
	processing			
Held by the Company's subsidiaries				
Hydrotek Sahakarn Joint Venture	Construction services	Thailand	-	49.00
(held by Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited)				
TRC International Limited	Holding company	Hong Kong	100.00	100.00
(held by TRC Investment Limited)				
Mahat Company Limited	Data management and	Thailand	59.98	59.98
(held by Olive Technology Company Limited)	processing			
SAHAHYDRO PATTAYA Joint Venture	Construction services	Thailand	100.00	100.00
(held by Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited)				

- 2.2 The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- 2.3 Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- 2.4 The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- 2.5 The assets and liabilities in the financial statements of overseas subsidiary companies are translated to Baht using the exchange rate prevailing on the end of reporting period, and revenues and expenses translated using yearly average exchange rates. The resulting differences are shown under the caption of "Exchange differences on translation of financial statements in foreign currency" in the statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

- 2.6 Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- 2.7 Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- 2.8 The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures under the cost method.

### 3. BASIS FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3.1 Basis for the preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting standards prescribed by Thai Accounts Act enunciated under the Accounting Profession Act B.E.2547 by complying with the financial reporting standards. The presentation of the financial statements has been made in compliance with the Notification of the Department of Business Development, the Ministry of Commerce, re: the financial statements presentation for public limited company, issued under the Accounting Act B.E.2543.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

Financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from such financial statements in Thai language.

All financial information presented has been rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

3.2 Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group have adopted the revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2023. This revision is for the financial reporting standards to be clearer and more appropriate and to conform with international financial reporting standards. Such revision does not affect the principles of the standards and does not affect the users of the financial reporting standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the financial statements in the current year.

### 3.3 Revised financial reporting standards to be applied in the future

The Federation of Accounting Professions has announced to apply the revised financial reporting standards 2023 and it was announced in the Royal Gazette on August 8, 2023 on altogether 4 topics: definition of the accounting estimates, disclosure of information of the accounting policy, deferred income tax related to assets and liabilities arising from one transaction and other adjustments due to the change of the Accounting Standard No. 17 "Insurance Contracts". This adjustment is an adjustment for the financial reporting standards to be clearer and more appropriate. This is effective for the financial statements for the accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2024.

The Management of the Group have assessed and believed that this revision will not significantly affect the financial statements in the year that such standard is applied.

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Revenue and expense recognition

Services income and service cost from construction

The Group considered that most of the construction agreement had involved a single performance obligation. The Group recognized the revenue from rendering services under construction agreement throughout the construction period by using the outcome method to measure the success of work which assessed the ratio of work completed by the project engineer. The percentage of work completed had been considered and calculated by comparing the actual construction costs incurred until the end of the year with the total cost of construction that was expected to be used in the construction agreement. The allowance for losses would be provided for the construction project in full amount when it was clear that the construction project would suffer a loss.

The likelihood of contract variations claims and liquidated damages, delays in delivery or contractual penalties are taken into account in determining the revenue to be recognised, such that revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

When the value and stage of completion of the contract cannot be reasonably measured, revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are expected to be recovered.

The recognised revenue which is not yet due per the contracts has been presented under the caption of "Contract asset" in the statement of financial position. The amounts recognised as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables when the Group's right to consideration is unconditional such as upon completion of services and acceptance by the customer.

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The obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer is presented under the caption of "Contract liability" in the statement of financial position. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

Costs of construction contracts comprise the costs of supply, subcontractors' charges, other services and overheads which are recognized on the percentage-of-completion method.

The recognised cost of construction which have not yet been due have been shown under the caption of "Unbilled payable" in the statements of financial position.

### Revenue and cost of system development services

Revenue from system development services of subsidiaries is recognized over time when services have been rendered taking into account the stage of completion. by measuring from the ratio of the services cost completed until present compared to the total estimate of services cost.

Revenue from system maintenance and equipment maintenance services of subsidiaries is recognized as revenue over the service period under the contract on a straight-line basis.

#### Sales income

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods. Revenue is measured at the amount of the consideration received or receivable, excluding value added tax, of goods supplied after deducting returns and discounts.

### Interest income

Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis.

### Other income and expense

The Group have recognised the other income and expenses based on the accrual basis.

### 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, cash at bank, and highly liquid short-term investment with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

#### 4.3 Financial Instruments

#### Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, or fair value through profit or loss. The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Group' business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Equity instruments can be classified and cannot be changed by two types of measurement which are measuring fair value through profit or loss or measuring fair value through other comprehensive income that without recycling to profit or loss.

The initial recognition of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss with fair value plus or deduct transaction cost directly related to the acquisition or issuance. Financial assets that are measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs of financial assets are recognized as expense in profit or loss. However, trade receivables, that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price.

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments by 3 methods depends on the classification of debt instruments.

- Financial assets measured at amortized cost when financial assets are held to receive cash flow under the agreement and condition of the agreement of the financial assets that generate cash flow to pay the principal and interest from the principal balance on the specified date only. Such financial assets have to be calculated using the effective rate and are subject to impairment assessment. Profit or loss arising from derecognized, modified or impaired will be recognized in profit or loss.
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income when financial assets are held to receive cash flow under the agreement and to sell financial assets and the agreement condition of financial assets generating cash flow that only pays the principal and interest from the principal balance on the specified date. The change of value of financial assets is recognized through other comprehensive income except loss on impairment and interest income and gain and loss on exchange rate are recognized as profit or loss upon recognized of financial assets. Earning or deficit previously recognized in other comprehensive income has to be reclassified into profit or loss. Such financial asset has to be calculated using the effective interest rate same as financial assets measured at amortized cost.
- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss when financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income will be presented in the statement of financial position at fair value by recognizing the net change of fair value in profit or loss.

Subsequent valuation of equity instruments must present equity instruments using the fair value and record profit/loss from change in fair value through profit or loss or other comprehensive income depending on equity instruments classification.

### Classification and valuation of financial liabilities

The Group are recognized initially of financial liabilities at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as financial liabilities as financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective rate. The amortized cost is calculated taking into account fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective rate. Amortization by the effective rate is presented as part of financial costs in profit or loss.

### Derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets will be derecognized from the account when the right to receive cash flow of such asset has ended or when the right to receive cash flow of the assets is transferred including upon the transfer of all risk and consideration of that asset or transfer of internal control in that asset although there is no transfer or maintaining of nearly all risk and consideration of such asset.

Financial liabilities will be derecognized from the account when the obligation of such liabilities has been complied, the obligation is cancelled or the obligation has ended. In case existing financial liabilities are changed to new liabilities from one single lender with considerably different requirements or there is a significant amendment in the requirements of existing liabilities, these are considered as recognition old liabilities and recognizing new liabilities by recognizing the difference of such carrying value under profit or loss.

### Impairment of financial assets

Expected credit loss for financial assets measured at amortized cost or debt instrument financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and assets arising from credit facility obligation and financial guarantee agreement are assessed without having to wait for the credit event to occur first. The Group use the general approach in considering the allowance for loss on impairment. For trade receivables, the Group apply a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. The Group recognize a loss based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. It is based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

### Offset of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities will be offset and presented at net balance in the statement of financial position in the case legally enforced in offsetting the recognized amount. The Group intend to pay the net balance or intends to receive assets and settle payment of liabilities at the same time.

#### 4.4 Inventories

Finished goods are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost price is determined by the weighted average method.

The cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

The cost of purchase comprises both the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the inventory, such as import duties, transportation charges and other direct costs incurred in acquiring the inventories less all trade discounts, allowances or rebates.

The net realizable value of inventory is estimated from the selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete the sale.

#### 4.5 Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Company has the power to control their financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are consolidated from the date the Company exercises control over the subsidiaries until the date that control power ceases.

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost net from allowance on impairment (if any) in the separate financial statements. The Company recognizes gain or loss on sale in the statement of income in the period which sale of investment occurred. In the case of impairment on investment, the Company will recognize loss from impairment of investment as expense in the statement of comprehensive income. The Company recognizes dividends when the subsidiaries announce to pay dividends.

### 4.6 Investment in associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are intitially recognized at cost and presented in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method.

Investments in associates are presented in the separate financial statements and stated at cost net from allowance on decline in value (if any).

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### 4.7 Investment in joint ventures

Investment in joint ventures is presented in the separate financial statements by stating at cost net of the allowance for impairment (if any). Joint venture is recorded by the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. Investment in joint venture is initially measured at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Company's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses on the portion that belongs to the Company and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Company's share of losses on the portion that belongs to the Company in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures, the Company will recognise such losses as an obligation of the Company's interest in the joint ventures.

### 4.8 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance on impairment (if any).

Cost is initially recognized upon acquisition of assets along with other direct costs attributing to acquiring such assets in the condition ready to serve the objectives, including the costs of asset demolition, removal and restoration of the asset location, which are the obligations of the company (if any).

Depreciation of plant and equipment is calculated by cost less residual value on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and structures 3 - 30 years
Tools and equipment 5 years
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 3 - 5 years
Vehicle 5 years

The Group have reviewed the residual value and useful life of the assets every year.

The depreciation for each asset component is calculated on the separate components when each component has significant cost compared to the total cost of that asset.

Depreciation is included in determining income.

No depreciation is provided on land, construction in progress and equipment under installation.

The Group have written off the property, plant and equipment at disposal. Gains or losses arising from sale or write-off of assets are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

### 4.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and allowance on impairment (if any).

Intangible assets are amortized in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Computer software

3 - 10 years

The useful lives are reviewed by the Group every year.

The amortization is included in the determination of income.

### 4.10 Related party transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

### 4.11 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assess whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group assess the lease term for the non-cancellable period as stipulated in lease contract or the remaining period of active leases together with any period covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if it is reasonably certain not to be exercise by considering the effect of changes in technology and/or the other circumstance relating to the extension of the lease term.

### Right-of-use assets-as a lessee

Right-of-use assets are recognized at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are stated at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (if any), and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities (if any). The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received.

The cost of right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Depreciation of Right-of-use assets are calculated by reference to their costs on a straightline basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives for each of right-of-use assets.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, lease liabilities are stated at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable (if any) and amount expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group use its incremental borrowing rate, which is determined by referring to the government bond yield adjusted with risk premium depending on the lease term, at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of the interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group apply the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense in profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group recognized the lease payments from operating leases as revenue on a straightline basis over the term of the lease agreement.

### 4.12 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the rates ruling on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency outstanding at the statement of financial position date are translated into Baht at the rates ruling on the statement of financial position date.

Exchange gains and losses are included in determining earnings.

### 4.13 Impairment of assets non-financial assets

As at the statement of financial position date, the Group have assessed whether there is an indication of asset impairment. If any such indication exists, the Group will make an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. In addition, impairment loss is reversed if there is a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount. The reversal shall not exceed the carrying value that would have been determined net of accumulated depreciation or amortization. The recoverable amount of the asset is the asset's value in use or fair value less costs to sell. In determing fair value costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by a valuation model that, based on information available, reflects the amount that the Group could obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

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### 4.14 Employee benefits

Short-term employment benefits

The Group recognizes salary, wage, bonus and contributions to social security fund as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits (Defined contribution plans)

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Company's contributions are recognized as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits (Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits)

The Group have obligations in respect of the severance payments that it must pay to the employees upon retirement under the labor law and other employee benefit plans. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan. Moreover, the Group have prepared for other long-term employee benefit programs, such as reward project for completion of work plans.

The Group have calculated the liabilities under employee post-employment benefits plan and other long-term employee benefits using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which an independent expert evaluated such obligations in accordance with actuarial principles. Such estimation principle requires various assumptions including assumptions about discount rates, future salary increase rates, staff turnover rate, mortality rate and gold price.

Actuarial gains and losses for post-employment benefits of the employees are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

### 4.15 Income tax (income) expense

#### Income tax

Income tax comprises current income tax and deferred tax.

### Current tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are provided on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax bases of assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized as deferred tax income or deferred tax expense which are recognized in the profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in shareholders' equity or in other comprehensive income.

The deductible temporary differences are recognized as deferred tax assets when it is probable that the Group will have future taxable profit to be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. The taxable temporary differences on all taxable items are recognized as deferred tax liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that the Group expect to apply to the period when the deferred tax assets are realized or the deferred tax liabilities are settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed and reduced the value when it is probable that the Group will have no longer the future taxable profit that is sufficient to be available against which all or some parts of deferred tax assets are utilized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is the legal right to settle on a net basis and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity.

Thus, the Group offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities for presentation in the statement of financial position, rather than presenting them separately.

### 4.16 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares which are issued during the year and held by outside party.

#### 4.17 Measurement of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly.
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobserved inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

### 4.18 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect amounts reported in the financial statements and disclosures and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

### Construction contracts

The Group recognises revenue from construction contracts over time taking into account the stage of completion. The management has exercised judgement in measuring the progress towards satisfaction of the performance obligation, with reference to information provided by project engineers or project managers and relying on their expertise and past experience.

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The expected credit loss allowance

In determining an the expected credit loss allowance, the management needs to make judgement and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the prevailing economic condition.

Estimated construction project costs

Management applied judgement in estimating the costs of construction projects based on details of the construction work, taking into account the volume and value of construction materials to be used in the project, labour costs and other miscellaneous costs to be incurred to completion of service, taking into account the direction of the movement in these costs.

Provision for liabilities under construction projects

Provision for liabilities under project warranties

The Group recognized a provision for expected warranty claims in respect of construction projects completed during the year, based on repair expenses expected to be paid in the future, actual costs incurred in the past and the contract value. The Group expected that most of these costs will be incurred in the next financial year and all will have been incurred within two years of the end of the reporting period.

Provision for losses on construction projects

The Group recognized a provision for the loss expected to be realised on each construction project, based on estimates of anticipated costs by taking into account of the progress of the project and actual costs incurred to the completion date.

Provision for penalties due to project delays

The Group are recognized a provision for the loss expected to be realised on construction projects that cannot be completed within the stipulated timeframe. The loss is estimated based on the penalty rate stipulated in the contract and the amount expected to be paid in the future.

### Impairment of investments

The Group treat these investments as impairment when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement of the management.

Property, plant and equipment/Depreciation and right of use assets and amortisation of intangible assets

In determining depreciation of plant and equipment including right of use assets, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and residual values of the plant and equipment and to review the estimated useful lives and residual values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review property, plant and equipment and right of use assets and amortisation of intangible assets for impairment on a periodical basis and record the impairment loss when it is determined that the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgement regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options

The Group determine the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any period covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The management is required to use judgment in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease, considering all relevant factors that create an economic incentive to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassess the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

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### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences and losses can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of estimated future taxable profits.

Post-employment benefits under defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits defined benefit plan

The obligation under the defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefit defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial techniques. Such determination is made based on various assumptions, including discount rate, future salary increase rate, mortality rate, staff turnover rate and gold price, etc.

### Litigation

The Group has contingent liabilities as a result of litigation. The management has used judgement to assess the results of the litigation and believed that it will win the case. However, for prudent reason, the management has displayed judgement to set up certain provision for litigation as at the end of the reporting period.

### Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit of the lease. Therefore, the incremental borrowing rate of the Group are used to discount lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay for necessary borrowing to acquire the assets, or assets with close value to right-of-use assets in similar economic environment, borrowing period and borrowing security.

### 5. RELATED PERSON OR PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had significant business transactions with person or related parties. Such transactions, which are summarised below, arose in the ordinary course of business and were concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon between the Company, its subsidiaries and those related parties.

Details of relation between the Company and its related parties and companies are summarized as follows:

Company's name	Country of incorporation	Type of relation
Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited	Thailand	Subsidiary company
TRC Investment Limited	The Republic of Mauritius	Subsidiary company
Hydrotek Sahakarn Joint Venture	Thailand	Subsidiary company
TRC International Limited	Hong Kong	Subsidiary company
TRC Middle East LLC *	Sultanate of Oman	Subsidiary company
TRC Engineering LLC *	Sultanate of Oman	Subsidiary company
Olive Technology Company Limited	Thailand	Subsidiary company
Mahat Company Limited	Thailand	Subsidiary company
SAHAHYDRO PATTAYA Joint Venture	Thailand	Subsidiary company
ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited	Thailand	Associated company
Sinopec-TRC Joint Venture	Thailand	Joint venture
SH Crossing Company Limited	Thailand	Joint venture
AT Energy Solution Company Limited	Thailand	Joint venture
TRC Utility Company Limited	Thailand	Joint venture
		from July 27, 2023 the status of such
		company changed from the Joint
		venture to the Associated company
		with 40% shareholding
Sahakarn Underground Joint Venture	Thailand	Joint venture
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Thailand	Joint venture
EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture	Thailand	Joint venture
		from May 16, 2023 the status of such
		company changed from the Joint
		venture to the Related party
KPK 1999 Company Limited	Thailand	Related company and Common
		director
Pasit Leesakul	Thailand	Director
Paichit Rattananon	Thailand	Chairman of the Board of Directors

<sup>\*</sup> On September 30, 2022, the subsidiary has dissolued the business and undergone the liquidation process.

Significant transactions with person or related companies for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

_	In Million Baht				_	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements			
_					Transfer Pricing Policy	
_	2023	2022	2023	2022	_	
Transactions with subsidiary companies						
(eliminated from the consolidated						
financial statements)						
Cost of construction services	-	-	8	29	Cost plus margin	
Finance cost	-	-	44	25	At rate of 4.50% - 7.00% p.a.	
					(2022 : At rate of 2.50% - 6.25% p.a.)	
Other income	-	-	16	15	Cost plus margin	
Transactions with person or related parties						
Other service income	12	53	-	-	Contract price	
Finance cost	17	4	17	4	At rate of 6.25% - 9.00% p.a.	
					(2022 : At rate of 6.25% - 8.00% p.a.)	
Other income	3	5	3	4	Cost plus margin	
Interest income	1	1	-	-	At rate of 2.50% p.a.	
					(2022 : At rate of 2.50% p.a.)	

The significant outstanding balances with person or related parties and companies as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	In Thousand Baht						
	Consolid	ated	Separate				
_	Financial Statements		Financial Statements				
_	As at December 31,		As at December 31,				
_	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Trade and other current receivables - related parties							
Subsidiary companies	-	-	574,534	528,838			
Associated company	381,661	383,420	381,394	383,420			
Joint venture	25,778	35,876	3,376	7,583			
Total	407,439	419,296	959,304	919,841			
<u>Less</u> The expected credit loss allowance	(381,051)	(383,420)	(910,529)	(841,010)			
Trade and other current receivables - related parties - net	26,388	35,876	48,775	78,831			

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	In Thousand Baht				
	Consolid	ated	Separate		
	Financial Statements		Financial Statements		
	As at Decem	iber 31,	As at Decer	nber 31,	
_	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Account receivable - retention under			_		
construction contracts - related parties					
Associated company	7,854	7,854	7,854	7,854	
Joint venture	<u>-                                      </u>	-	<u>-                                      </u>	-	
Total	7,854	7,854	7,854	7,854	
<u>Less</u> : The expected credit loss allowance	(7,854)	(7,854)	(7,854)	(7,854)	
Total account receivable - retention under construction					
contracts - related parties - net	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del> -	-	-	
Advances paid to subcontractor under construction contract					
related party					
Joint venture	37,927	42,528	-	-	
Total	37,927	42,528	<u> </u>	-	
Short-term loans to related parties					
Subsidiary companies	-	-	5,186	4,595	
Associated company	3,200	-	-	-	
Joint venture	2,778	17,969	2,778	2,778	
Total	5,978	17,969	7,964	7,373	
<u>Less</u> : The expected credit loss allowance	-	-	(5,186)	(4,595)	
Total short-term loans to related parties - net	5,978	17,969	2,778	2,778	
Long-term loans to related parties					
Subsidiary companies	-	-	1,419,821	1,306,517	
Total	<u> </u>	-	1,419,821	1,306,517	
<u>Less</u> : The expected credit loss allowance	-	-	(1,419,821)	(1,306,517)	
Total long-term loans to related parties - net	-	-	-	-	
Trade and other current payables - person or related parties					
Subsidiary companies	_	-	72,500	77,704	
Joint ventures	38,359	41,741	53	44	
Related company	10,247	-	10,247	-	
Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors	9,923	3,347	9,923	3,347	
Total	58,529	45,088	92,723	81,095	
<del>=</del>			=		

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

_	In Thousand Baht					
	Consoli	dated	Separate			
_	Financial St	atements	Financial St	atements		
_	As at Decei	mber 31,	As at Decer	nber 31,		
_	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Short-term loans from person or related parties						
Subsidiary companies	-	-	648,442	638,914		
Joint ventures	-	7,000	-	7,000		
Related company	186,500	-	186,500	-		
Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors	93,602	66,300	93,602	66,300		
Total	280,102	73,300	928,544	712,214		
Accounts payable - retention under construction contracts						
- related party						
Joint ventures	20,071	12,996		-		
Total	20,071	12,996	-			
Non-other current liabilities - related party						
Joint ventures	13,890	13,890	<u>-</u> _			
Total	13,890	13,890	<u>-</u> -	=		

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the balance of loans and short-term loans between the Company and related companies and the movements are as follows:

		In Thousand Baht				
		Consolidated Financial Statements				
		Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Balance as at	
		December			December	
Loans to	Related by	31, 2022			31, 2023	
Short-term loans						
Sahakarn Underground Joint Venture	Joint Venture	3,191	-	(3,191)	-	
TRC Utility Company Limited	Joint Venture	12,000	-	(8,800)	3,200	
	(from July 27, 2023					
	the status changed to					
	the Associated					
	company)					
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint Venture	2,778			2,778	
Total		17,969	-	(11,991)	5,978	
Less: The expected credit loss allowance	,					
Short-term loans - net		17,969		(11,991)	5,978	

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

		In Thousand Baht					
		Consolidated Financial Statements					
		Balance as at	Increa	se I	Decrease	Balance as at	
		December				December	
Loans to	Related by	31, 2021				31, 2022	
Short-term loans							
Sahakarn Underground Joint Venture	Joint venture	9,200	)	-	(6,009)	3,191	
TRC Utility Company Limited	Joint venture	12,000	)	-	-	12,000	
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint venture	-		2,778	<u> </u>	2,778	
Total		21,200	) 2	2,778	(6,009)	17,969	
Less: The expected credit loss allowance						-	
Short term loans - net		21,200	)2	2,778	(6,009)	17,969	
			ī	n Thousand E	3aht		
		Separate Financial Statements					
		Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Exchange rate	Balance as at	
		December			adjustment	December	
Loans to	Related by	31, 2022			_	31, 2023	
Short-term loans							
TRC Investment Limited	Subsidiary company	4,595	595	-	(4)	5,186	
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint Venture	2,778				2,778	
Total		7,373	595	-	(4)	7,964	
Less : The expected credit loss allowance		(4,595)	(595)		4	(5,186)	
Short-term loans - net		2,778		-	-	2,778	
Long-term loans							
TRC Investment Limited	Subsidiary company	1,260,508	101,250	_	-	1,361,758	
TRC International Limited	Subsidiary company	46,009	12,054	_	-	58,063	
Total		1,306,517	113,304	-	-	1,419,821	
Less: The expected credit loss allowance		(1,306,517)	(113,304)	_	-	(1,419,821)	
Long-term loans - net					-	- <u> </u>	

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

		In Thousand Baht						
		Separate Financial Statements						
		Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Exchange rate	Balance as at		
		December			adjustment	December		
Loans to	Related by	31, 2021				31, 2022		
Short-term loans								
TRC Investment Limited	Subsidiary company	3,986	594	-	15	4,595		
TRC Engineering LLC	Subsidiary company	56,858	95	(56,953)	-	-		
TRC Middle East LLC	Subsidiary company	3,940	142	(4,082)	-	-		
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint Venture		2,778			2,778		
Total		64,784	3,609	(61,035)	15	7,373		
Less: The expected credit loss allow	vance	(64,784)	(831)	61,035	(15)	(4,595)		
Short-term loans - net			2,778			2,778		
Long-term loans								
TRC Investment Limited	Subsidiary company	1,260,508	-	-	-	1,260,508		
TRC International Limited	Subsidiary company	46,009				46,009		
Total		1,306,517	-	-	-	1,306,517		
Less: The expected credit loss allow	vance	(1,306,517)				(1,306,517)		
Long-term loans - net								

Loans to related parties carried interest at rate of 2.50% - 9.25% per annum (December 31, 2022 : 2.50% - 5.00% per annum) due for repayment on demand and no security to guarantee.

The purpose of loans to TRC Investment Limited and TRC International Limited are long-term investments in ordinary share of ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited as described in Note 14 The Company classified these loans as long-term loans to related parties in the separate financial statements.

		Consolidated Financial Statements				
		Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Balance as at	
		December			December	
Short-term loans from	Related by	31, 2022			31, 2023	
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint Venture	7,000	-	(7,000)	-	
KPK 1999 Company Limited	Related company	-	186,500	-	186,500	
Pasit Leesakul	Director	41,000	-	-	41,000	
Paichit Rattananon	Chairman of the	25,300	33,202	(5,900)	52,602	
	Board of Directors					
Total		73,300	219,702	(12,900)	280,102	

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

		In Thousand Baht				
			Consolidated Fina	ncial Statements	1	
		Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Balance as at	
		December			December	
Short-term loans from	Related by	31, 2021			31, 2022	
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint Venture	-	7,000	-	7,000	
Pasit Leesakul	Director	-	43,000	(2,000)	41,000	
Paichit Rattananon	Chairman of the	-	25,300	-	25,300	
	Board of Directors					
Total			75,300	(2,000)	73,300	
			In Thousa	ınd Baht		
			Separate Financ	eial Statements		
		Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Balance as at	
		December			December	
Short-term loans from	Related by	31, 2022			31, 2023	
Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited	Subsidiary company	618,500	156,400	(131,808)	643,092	
SAHAHYDRO PATTAYA Joint Venture	Subsidiary company	9,414	314	(9,728)	-	
Olive Technology Company Limited	Subsidiary company	11,000	-	(5,650)	5,350	
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint Venture	7,000	-	(7,000)	-	
KPK 1999 Company Limited	Related company	-	186,500	-	186,500	
Pasit Leesakul	Director	41,000	-	-	41,000	
Paichit Rattananon	Chairman of the	25,300	33,202	(5,900)	52,602	
	Board of Directors					
Total		712,214	376,416	(160,086)	928,544	
		_	In Thousa	and Baht		
			Separate Finance	eial Statements		
		Balance as at	Increase	Decrease	Balance as at	
		December			December	
Short-term loans from	Related by	31, 2021			31, 2022	
Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited	Subsidiary company	693,000	128,000	(202,500)	618,500	
SAHAHYDRO PATTAYA Joint Venture	Subsidiary company	-	16,614	(7,200)	9,414	
Olive Technology Company Limited	Subsidiary company	-	13,000	(2,000)	11,000	
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Joint Venture	-	7,000	-	7,000	
Pasit Leesakul	Director	-	43,000	(2,000)	41,000	
Paichit Rattananon	Chairman of the Board of Directors	-	25,300	-	25,300	
Total	Doard of Directors	602.000	222.014	(212 700)	710.014	
Total		693,000	232,914	(213,700)	712,214	

Short-term loan from related parties carried interest at rate of 6.25% - 9.00% per annum (December 31, 2022:2.50 - 8.00% per annum) and due for repayment on demand and no security to guarantee.

### Guarantee obligations with related parties

The Company has outstanding guarantee obligations with its related parties, as described in Note 34.4 and 34.5.

### Management benefit expenses

Management benefit expenses represent the benefits paid to the Company's management such as salaries and related benefit including the benefit paid by other means. The Company's management is the persons who are defined under the Securities and Exchange Act.

Management benefit expenses for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

	In Million Baht						
	Consolidated Finar	ncial Statements	Separate Financial Statements				
	For the year ended	December 31,	For the year ended December 31,				
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Management							
Management benefit expenses							
Short-term employee benefits	19	20	18	18			
Post-employment benefits	1	1	1	1			
Total	20	21	19	19			

### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

In Thousand Baht					
Consolidated Financial Statements  As at December 31,		Separate Financial Statements			
		As at December 31,			
2023	2022	2023	2022		
1,127	1,377	170	180		
25,905	14,332	6,567	6,858		
27,032	15,709	6,737	7,038		
	As at Decer 2023 1,127 25,905	Consolidated Financial Statements           As at December 31,           2023         2022           1,127         1,377           25,905         14,332	Consolidated Financial Statements         Separate Financial           As at December 31,         As at December 31,           2023         2022         2023           1,127         1,377         170           25,905         14,332         6,567		

Savings accounts carry interest at the floating rates which are set by the bank.

### 7. TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT RECEIVABLES

Trade and other current receivables are as follows:

	In Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated Financi	al Statements	Separate Financia	1 Statements		
	As at Decemb	er 31,	As at December 31,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Trade accounts receivable - related parties						
Aged on the basis of due dates						
Not yet due	239	-	239	-		
Past due						
Up to 3 months	-	16,668	-	-		
3 - 6 months	-	-	-	-		
6 - 12 months	22,090	-	-	-		
Over 12 months	381,051	383,420	381,051	383,420		
Total trade accounts receivable - related parties	403,380	400,088	381,290	383,420		
Less: The expected credit loss allowance	(381,051)	(383,420)	(381,051)	(383,420)		
Total trade accounts receivable - related parties - net	22,329	16,668	239	-		
Trade accounts receivable - unrelated parties						
Aged on the basis of due dates						
Not yet due	106,723	94,901	59,222	33,973		
Past due						
Up to 3 months	19,860	43,368	4,318	23,631		
3 - 6 months	-	10,564	-	-		
6 - 12 months	-	4,956	-	-		
Over 12 months	14,777	214	214	214		
Total trade accounts receivable - unrelated parties	141,360	154,003	63,754	57,818		
Less: The expected credit loss allowance	(214)	(214)	(214)	(214)		
Total trade accounts receivable - unrelated parties - net	141,146	153,789	63,540	57,604		
Total trade accounts receivable - net	163,475	170,457	63,779	57,604		
Other current receivables		_				
Advance to related parties	3,685	18,161	48,429	78,795		
Interest receivable from related parties	374	1,047	529,585	457,627		
Others	36,598	58,202	9,018	8,468		
Total other current receivables	40,657	77,410	587,032	544,890		
Less: The expected credit loss allowance	(834)	(834)	(530,312)	(458,425)		
Total other current receivables - net	39,823	76,576	56,720	86,465		
Total trade and other current receivables - net	203,298	247,033	120,499	144,069		

The Group transferred rights to receive payment from accounts receivable under construction contracts to secure the credit facilities with banks. Pledged trade accounts receivable amounting to Baht 126 million included in the trade accounts receivable balance as at December 31, 2023 (Separate financial statements: Baht 58 million) (December 31, 2022: Baht 84 million, Separate financial statements: Baht 46 million).

#### 8. CONTRACT ASSETS / CONTRACT LIABILITIES

#### 8.1 Contract balances

	In Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated finance	ial statements	Separate financial statements  As at December 31,			
	As at Decem	ber 31,				
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Contract assets						
Unbilled receivable	2,087,599	2,472,845	401,226	494,535		
Accounts receivable - retention under						
construction contracts	307,428	277,301	40,035	66,315		
Less: The expected credit loss allowance	(7,854)	(7,854)	(7,854)	(7,854)		
Total contract assets	2,387,173	2,742,292	433,407	552,996		
Contract liabilities						
Unearned construction - revenue	3,015	3,280	-	3,280		
Advances received from customers under construction						
Project	556,796	614,276	75,402	83,900		
Total contract liabilities	559,811	617,556	75,402	87,180		

#### 8.2 Unbilled receivable

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group had balance of unbilled receivables of Baht 2,088 million and Baht 2,391 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 401 million and Baht 413 million, respectively) was expected to be billed within one year.

As at December 31, 2022 the Group had balance of unbilled receivables of Baht 82 million (Separate financial statement: Baht 82 million) was expected to be billed after one year, the detail of Note 35 (the second case of the Company).

### 8.3 Revenue recognised in relation to contract balances

During the years 2023 and 2022, the Group recognised contract liabilities at the beginning of the year of Baht 243 million and Baht 387 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 64 million and Baht 192 million, respectively) as revenue.

### 8.4 Revenue to be recognised for the remaining performance obligations

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group expected to recognise revenue totaling Baht 3,712 million and Baht 4,460 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 377 million and Baht 586 million, respectively) in the future in respect of performance obligations under contracts with customers that have not been satisfied or partially unsatisfied. The Group expects to satisfy these performance obligations within 1-2 years.

### 9. INVENTORIES

Inventories are as follows:

	In Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated finar	ncial statements	Separate financial statements  As at December 31,			
	As at Decer	mber 31,				
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Raw materials and construction supplies	-	2,302	-	2,302		
<u>Less</u> Allowance for decline in value of inventories		(694)		(694)		
Inventories - net		1,608	-	1,608		

During the year 2023, the Group reversed allowance for decline in value of inventories from the sales.

#### 10. WITHHOLDING TAX DEDUCTED AT SOURCE

Withholding tax deducted at source are as follows:

		In Thousand Baht								
	Consolidated finance	ial statements	Separate financial statements  As at December 31,							
	As at Decemb	per 31,								
	2023	2022	2023	2022						
Year 2019	-	566	-	-						
Year 2021	23,576	68,480	-	44,804						
Year 2022	53,810	53,810	35,053	35,053						
Year 2023	47,260	<del>-</del> .	29,373	-						
	124,646	122,856	64,426	79,857						

The Group record withholding tax deducted at source as an asset since they are entitled to claim for a refund of such tax. However, the net realisable value of tax refund is subject to the exercise of the claim right and the result of tax audit of the Group by Government Agency.

### 11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Other current assets are as follows:

	In Thousand Baht								
	Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financia	l statements					
	As at Decem	ber 31,	As at December 31,						
	2023	2022	2023	2022					
Prepaid expenses	10,685	15,115	7,768	9,175					
Account receivable - Revenue Department	16,109	21,845	-	-					
Undue Input Vat	22,519	12,742	8,056	1,438					
Total other current assets	49,313	49,702	15,824	10,613					

### 12. RESTRICTED DEPOSITS AT BANKS

These balances represent saving deposit and fixed deposits that the Group pledged with bank guarantee facilities issued by the banks on behalf of the Group, as described in Note 34.4.

### 13. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investments in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements which use the cost method are as follows:

							In Baht					
		Country of					Cost m	ethod	Allowance for loss on		Cost - net	
Company's name	Business type	registration	Shareholding I	Shareholding percentage (%)		Paid-up capital				f investment		
			As at Dec	As at December 31, As at Dece		cember 31, As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,		
			2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Sahakarn Wisavakorn	Construction services - basic	Thailand	99.99	99.99	500,000,000	500,000,000	620,894,691	620,894,691	(145,071,416)	(145,071,416)	475,823,275	475,823,275
Company Limited	infrastructure				Baht	Baht						
TRC Investment Limited	Holding company	The Republic of	100.00	100.00	1 USD	1 USD	32	32	-	-	32	32
		Mauritius										
Olive Technology Company	Data management and processing	Thailand	49.97	49.97	3,100,000	3,100,000	1,549,070	1,549,070	-	-	1,549,070	1,549,070
Limited					Baht	Baht						
Total							622,443,793	622,443,793	(145,071,416)	(145,071,416)	477,372,377	477,372,377

Details of investments in subsidiaries which are held by the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

							In Baht					
		Country of					Cost me	Cost method Alle		for loss on	Cost meth	od - net
Company's name	Business type	registration	Shareholding J	percentage (%)	Paid-up	capital			impairment o	f investment		
			As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,	
			2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Held by Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited												
Hydrotek Sahakarn Joint Venture	Construction services	Thailand	-	49.00	-	1,000,000	-	490,000	-	-	-	490,000
					Baht	Baht						
SAHAHYDRO PATTAYA Joint Venture	Construction services	Thailand	100.00	100.00	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	-	200,000	200,000
					Baht	Baht						
Held by TRC Investment Limited												
TRC International Limited	Holding company	Hong Kong	100.00	100.00	10	10	33	33	-	-	33	33
					HKD	HKD						
Held by TRC International Limited												
TRC Middle East LLC	Construction services	Sultanate of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Oman			Omani Rial	Omani Rial						
TRC Engineering LLC	Construction services	Sultanate of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Oman			Omani Rial	Omani Rial						
Held by Olive Technology Company Limited												
Mahat Company Limited	Data management and	Thailand	59.98	59.98	1,000,000	1,000,000	599,800	599,800	-	-	599,800	599,800
	processing				Baht	Baht						
Total							799,833	1,289,833			799,833	1,289,833

### Hydrotek Sahakarn Joint Venture

On October 31, 2019, the Board of Directors' Meeting No.2/2019 approved to cease the business operation. As at December 31, 2023 such subsidiary had completed of the liquidation process.

#### TRC Middle East LLC and TRC Engineering LLC

On March 10, 2016, the Meeting No. 3/2016 of the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to approve the closure of TRC Middle East LLC and TRC Engineering LLC. As at December 31, 2022 both subsidiary's business had been dissolved undergone the liquidation process and ended the status of the subsidiary. Both subsidiaries had been operating at loss so the Company has to recognize the loss from the subsidiary's business dissolution in the amount of Baht 36.85 million as stated in the statement of comprehensive income.

### 14. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATE

### 14.1 Details of associate

Investments in associate in the consolidated financial statements which use the equity method are as follows:

							In Thousand Baht					
		Country of				Carrying amounts based on		Allowance for loss on		Carrying amounts based on		
Company's name	Business type	registration	Shareholding per	Shareholding percentage (%)		Thousand Baht)	equity method		impairment of investment		equity method - net	
			As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,	
			2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Held by the Company												
TRC Utility Company Limited	To produce and	Thailand	40.00	-	31,250	-	9,506	-	-	-	9,506	-
	distribute tap water											
Held by TRC Investment Limited												
ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company	Mining Industries	Thailand	22.46	22.46	3,256,727	2,805,797	1,126,742	1,126,742	(1,126,742)	(1,126,742)	-	-
Limited												
Held by TRC International Limited												
ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company	Mining Industries	Thailand	2.67	2.67	3,256,727	2,805,797	85,989	85,989	(85,989)	(85,989)	-	-
Limited												
Total						:	1,222,237	1,212,731	(1,212,731)	(1,212,731)	9,506	-

Investments in associate in the separate financial statements which use the cost method are as follows:

						_	In Thousand Baht						
		Country of							Allowance	for loss on			
Company's name	Business type	registration	Shareholding percentage (%)		Paid-up capital (Thousand Baht) Co		Cost me	Cost method		of investment	Cost method- net		
			As at Decer	As at December 31, As at December 31,		mber 31,	As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,		
			2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Held by the Company													
TRC Utility Company Limited	To produce and	Thailand	40.00	-	31,250	-	12,500	-	-	-	12,500	-	
	distribute tap water					-							
Total						=	12,500	-			12,500		

#### ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited

According to the concession application agreement between the associated company and the Department of Primary Industries and Mines, Ministry of Industry, in January 2015. The associated company was obligated to pay the special benefits in 8 installments amounting to Baht 433 million per installment with interest at the rate of 6.5% per annum, totaling Baht 569 million. It had started from 2018 and had an obligation to pay various fund payments every year throughout the concession certificate period. In addition, the associated company received a letter from the Chaiyaphum Provincial Industrial Office requesting payment of the installments 1 - 7 of the special benefits of totaling Baht 3,980 million, including a fine at the rate of 15% per annum within 90 days from the date of receipt of the letter which was due in January 2024, otherwise the concession certificate might be revoked in accordance with Section 128 of the Minerals Act B.E. 2560.

According to the resolution of the Board of Directors' Meeting No.3/2023 held on March 22, 2023, it had a resolution to approve the loan with TRC Investment Limited (subsidiary) and TRC International Limited (indirect subsidiary) in the total amount Baht 113.30 million to invest in the ordinary shares capital increase No.1/2023 of ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited for 4,509,300 shares at Baht 100 per share by the shareholding proportion in the associated company at 22.4535 percent and 2.6730 percent, respectively, and on May 29, 2023, the subsidiary and indirect subsidiary have paid for the shares in total amount of Baht 113.30 million in the full amount.

According to the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting No. 1/2023 held on November 27, 2023, it was resolved to approve the additional investment limit in capital increase ordinary shares in proportion to ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited not over Baht 4,020,240,000.

The Company's subsidiary has recorded an allowance for impairment of investment in the full amount with the total value of Baht 1,474 million. Due to the associated company had significant uncertainty, such as the obligation to pay the special benefits which resulted in the risk of being revoked the concession certificate along with uncertainty in seeking additional funding to develop potash mining projects both in the part of the capital increase that had no progress in securing new investors from both the public and private sectors and/or obtaining credit from commercial banks. As a result, the associated company had problems with working capital resulting in the delay in the project development plan of the associated company. The Company had to recognize a large amount of many loss of associated company by the equity method in the consolidated operating results for consecutive years. It would be more recognized in the future from recording the fine from the associated company's failure to pay the special benefits required to be paid every year. Although the Company's management had recorded full provision for loss for assets related to the associated company's potash mining project, the Company continued to have the duty and responsibility to do the best to restore the value of those assets as much as possible. In the future, if the values of those assets are restored, the Company will then be able to reverse the excess loss reserve and can recognize the future profits to compensate for the loss from such reserves.

As at December 31, 2023, the associated company was still unable to settle payment for the special state benefits to the Department of Primary Industries and Mines and local government organizations, installment 1 - 7 of Baht 3,980 million, including the penalty fee at the rate of 15% per annum as the associated company is in the process of procuring additional funding sources in term of both calling for capital increase from the existing shareholders of the associated company and recruiting the new potential investors. The associated company has suspended the mine construction project temporary. And during the year 2022, the associated company had been sued from the parties on the breach of agreement by claiming compensation for damages and interest with the capital amount Baht 3,971 million. Which is under consideration of the Court and associated company was still unable to comply with the conditions attached to the concession certificate regarding the remittance to the fund and the delivery to the Department of Primary Industries and Mines and local government organizations and the communities located in the concession areas amount Baht 550 million. The management of the associated company has recorded the provisions in the full amount.

### 14.2 Share of Profit (loss)

During the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has recognised its share of profit (loss) from investments in associate in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

	In Thousand Baht								
	Share of profit	(loss) from	Share of other c	omprehensive					
	investme	ents	income from investments in associated company						
Company's name	in associated	company							
	2023	2022	2023	2022					
TRC Utility Company Limited	(5,890)	-	-	-					
ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public									
Company Limited	(113,304)	-							
Total	(119,194)	-							

During the year ended December 31, 2023 the Company has recognized share of loss from investment in ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited in the consolidated financial statements equal to the cost price according to the shareholding proportion of the subsidiaries as the share of loss in that ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited has the value equal to the value of the interest of the ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited. The Company did not guarantee for the debt obligation of the associated company.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company has stop recognised its share of loss from investments in ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited in the consolidated financial statements as the share of loss in that ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited has the value equal to the value of the interest of the ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited. The Company did not guarantee for the debt obligation of the associated company.

### 14.3 Summary of significant financial information on associate

ASEAN Potash Chaiyaphum Public Company Limited

Summary of information about financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022

	In Million	Baht
	2023	2022
Current assets	174	6
Non-current assets	6,570	6,579
Current liabilities	(6,462)	(5,632)
Non-current liabilities	(840)	(1,376)
Net assets	(558)	(423)
Shareholding percentage (%)	25.13	25.13
Share of net assets	(140)	(106)
Elimination entries	-	-
Goodwill	847	847
Total	707	741
Less: Allowance for loss on impairment of investment	(1,213)	(1,213)
Unrecognized cumulative effect of the share of loss from		·
associated company	(506)	(472)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Summary of information about comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	In Million	Baht
	2023	2022
Revenue	35	5
Profit (loss)	(586)	(545)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	(586)	(545)

### TRC Utility Company Limited

Summary of information about financial position as at December 31, 2023

	In Million Baht
	2023
Current assets	7
Non-current assets	25
Current liabilities	(7)
Non-current liabilities	(5)
Net assets	20
Shareholding percentage (%)	40.00
Share of net assets	8
Elimination entries	-
Goodwill	2
Total	10
Less: Allowance for loss on impairment of investment	
Carrying amounts of associate based on equity method	10

Summary of information about comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023

	In Million Baht
	2023
Revenue	25
Profit (loss)	(12)
Other comprehensive income	-
Total comprehensive income	(12)

### 15. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

Investments in joint ventures in the consolidated financial statements which use the equity method are as follows:

						In Thousand Baht							
						Carrying amo	ounts based on	Allowance	for loss on	Carrying amounts b	pased on equity		
Company's name	Business type	Shareholding percentage (%)		Cost (Thousand Baht)  As at December 31,		equity	method	impairment of investment		method - net			
		As at December 31,				As at December 31,		As at December 31,		As at December 31,			
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Held by the Company													
Sinopec-TRC Joint Venture	Construction service	-	30	-	2,376	-	2,376	-	-	-	2,376		
AT Energy Solution Company Limited	Energy production and distribution	50	50	100,000	100,000	86,644	90,334	-	-	86,644	90,334		
TRC Utility Company Limited	To produce and distribute tap water	-	50	-	12,999	-	15,238	-	-	-	15,238		
Held by Sahakarn Wisavakorn Company Limited													
SH Crossing Company Limited	Construction service	51	51	20,400	20,400	-	15,225	-	-	-	15,225		
Sahakarn Underground Joint Venture	Construction service	50	50	200	200	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Held by Olive Technology Company Limited													
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	Data management and processing	40	40	40	40	1,068	818	-	-	1,068	818		
EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture	Data management and processing	-	30	-	300		-			<u> </u>	-		
Total				120,640	136,315	87,712	123,991		-	87,712	123,991		

Investments in joint ventures in the separate financial statements which use the cost method are as follows:

			_	In Thousand Baht					
						Allowance for los	ss on impairment		
Company's name	Business type	Shareholding per	centage (%)	Cost me	thod	of inve	stment	Cost meth	od – net
		As at Decem	ber 31,	As at Decen	nber 31,	As at Dece	ember 31,	As at Dece	mber 31,
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Sinopec-TRC Joint Venture	Construction service	-	30	-	2,376	-	-	-	2,376
AT Energy Solution Company Limited	Energy production and distribution	50	50	100,000	100,000	-	-	100,000	100,000
TRC Utility Company Limited	To produce and distribute tap water	-	50	<u> </u>	12,999	-	-		12,999
Total			_	100,000	115,375	-	-	100,000	115,375

#### Sinopec-TRC Joint Venture

As at December 31, 2023, the management approved to write-off the investment in joint venture in the whole amount due to the completion of the project operation of the joint venture. The Company recognizes the loss on write-off in the amount of Baht 2.38 million in administrative expenses account.

#### TRC Utility Company Limited

According to the Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting No.1/2023 held on July 13, 2023, it was approved to reduce the registered capital of the Company from Baht 50,000,000 to Baht 12,500,000 divided into 500,000 shares by reducing the par value per share Baht 25 and to increase the registered capital Baht 18,750,000 by issuing 750,000 ordinary shares at the par value of Baht 25. As a result, the Company's new registered capital is Baht 31,250,000 divided into 1,250,000 shares at the par value of Baht 25.

TRC Construction Public Company Limited had a resolution to approve the waiver of partial capital increase ordinary shares purchase of TRC Utility Company Limited in the amount 125,000 shares of the number of ordinary shares that rights are granted to S Group AEC (Thailand) Company Limited as a new investor.

From the said transaction, the shareholding percentage of the company has changed from 50 percent to 40 percent of the total number of ordinary shares in TRC Utility Company Limited. Along with the agreement in the joint venture agreement, the Board of Directors of TRC Utility Company Limited, the Board of Directors formed through an appointment, totaling 5 persons, each contracting party consists of TRC Construction Public Company Limited, not more than 2 persons, S Group AEC (Thailand) Company Limited, not more than 2 persons, and Planet Utility Company Limited, not more than 1 person, and the conditions of the resolution of the board meeting must receive the affirmative vote from the directors of at least 3 out of 5 directors. The Company has classified the investment in TRC Utilities Company Limited as investment in associate and recognized the difference arising from the reduction in shareholding proportion under the account of administrative expenses shown in the statement of comprehensive income for the period in the consolidated financial statements in the amount of Baht 723,978.26.

#### **EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint venture**

During the year 2022, Olive Technology Company Limited (the subsidiary) and 2 partners have cooperated to establish the EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture to jointly operate the THP Core System Project in the 30% of investment proportion, amounting to 300,000 Baht. The subsidiary and partners jointly manage and oversee the joint venture which consisting of 2 nominee directors from each party. The resolution of the Board of Directors' Meeting on various matters must receive a majority vote of all directors and there must be at least one vote of support from each representative. Consequently, the subsidiary has considered its investment in joint venture.

On February 23, 2023, Olive Technology Company Limited (the subsidiary) received the letter from EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture to call for the investment at amount of Baht 30 million whose proportion was represented 30 percent or Baht 9 million, the due date was within March 10, 2023. On March 15, 2023, then, it received the letter for additional call for the investment at amount of Baht 90 million whose proportion was represented 30 percent or Baht 27 million, the due date was within March 17, 2023. Including the called-for investment in proportion to the subsidiary in the amount of Baht 36 million. And on April 24, 2023, the subsidiary had paid a partial investment amount of Baht 5 million causing the subsidiary to have obligation to pay investment in the joint venture in the amount of Baht 31 million.

Later, on May 16, 2023, Olive Technology Company Limited (the subsidiary) signed on the addendum to the EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture agreement to change the investment proportion in the joint venture from 30 percent to 4.17 percent or amount of Baht 5,000,000 of the investment in joint venture to Baht 120,000,000.

From the said transaction, the shareholding percentage of the subsidiary has decreased. Along with the EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture agreement, the party, agreed to change the quorum and resolution of the Board of Directors of the joint venture. The quorum of the joint venture must have the representatives of the parties joining the meeting not less than 2 parties combined at least 3 persons. The conditions of the resolution of the meeting must receive the majority votes. The Company has classified the investment in EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture as other non-current financial assets and recognized the difference arising from the reduction in shareholding proportion under the account of administrative expenses shown in the statement of comprehensive income for the period in the consolidated financial statements in the amount of Baht 2,316,454.94.

### XSENSE-OLIVE Joint Venture

During the year 2022, Olive Technology Company Limited (the subsidiary) and a partner have cooperated to establish the XSENSE-OLIVE Joint Venture to jointly operate the THPD Load Board Management System Project in the 40% of investment proportion, amounting to 40,000 Baht. The subsidiary and partner jointly manage and oversee the joint venture which consisting of 2 nominee directors from the Subsidiary and 3 nominee directors from partner. The resolution of the Board of Directors' Meeting on various matters must receive a majority vote of all directors and there must be at least one vote of support from each representative. Consequently, the subsidiary has considered its investment in joint venture.

### 15.1 Share of profit (loss)

During the year, the Company has recognised its share of profit (loss) from investments in joint ventures in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

	In Thousand Baht					
	Share of profit	(loss) from	Share of other comprehensive income			
Company's name	investments in joint ventures		from investments in joint ventures			
	For the years ended December 31,		or the years ended December 31, For the years ended Decemb			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
SH Crossings Company Limited	(15,225)	(8,479)	-	-		
AT Energy Solution Company Limited	(3,124)	(12,303)	(566)	(202)		
Sahakarn Underground Joint Venture	-	(546)	-	-		
TRC Utility Company Limited	1,382	(186)	-	-		
XSENSE - OLIVE Joint Venture	250	778	-	-		
EXPRESS WORLD TRACKING Joint Venture	2,616	(300)				
Total	(14,101)	(21,036)	(566)	(202)		

### Sahakarn Underground Joint Venture

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company stopped recognizing share of loss from the investment in Sahakarn Underground Joint Venture in the consolidated financial statements as the share of loss from investment equals or exceeds the value of the share of loss of the joint venture. The Company did not guarantee against the liabilities obligation of the joint venture.

### 15.2 Summary of significant financial information on joint venture

SH Crossings Company Limited

Summary information about financial position

	In Million Baht			
	2023	2022		
Cash and cash equivalent	-	-		
Other current assets	136	166		
Non-current assets	3	5		
Current liabilities	(143)	(142)		
Net assets	(4)	29		
Shareholding percentage (%)	51	51		
Share of net assets	(2)	15		

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

In Million Baht
For the years ended December 31,

Summary information about comprehensive income

<del>-</del>	1 of the years chaca	,
_	2023	2022
Revenue	27	73
Depreciation and amortization	(2)	(4)
Income tax expense	-	-
Profit (loss)	(34)	(17)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	(34)	(17)
AT Energy Solution Company Limited		
Summary information about financial position		
•		
- -	In Million	Baht
- -	In Million	Baht 2022
Cash and cash equivalent		
- - -	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalent	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalent Other current assets	2023 15 11	2022 19 27
Cash and cash equivalent Other current assets Non-current assets	2023 15 11 325	2022 19 27 333
Cash and cash equivalent Other current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities	2023 15 11 325 (28)	2022 19 27 333 (29)
Cash and cash equivalent Other current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non - current liabilities	2023 15 11 325 (28) (148)	2022 19 27 333 (29) (168)

Summary information about comprehensive income

	In Million	Baht	
	For the years ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	
Revenue	50	54	
Depreciation and amortization	18	17	
Income tax expense	(4)	(4)	
Profit (loss)	(6)	(25)	
Other comprehensive income	(1)	(0)	
Total comprehensive income	(7)	(25)	

### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Consolidated lina	ncial statements (Ir	i Inousand Bant)	
	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
	January 1,2023		Written-off	(Transfer out)	December 31,2023
Cost					
Land	142,062	-	-	-	142,062
Building	400,755	3,645	-	-	404,400
Tools and equipment	643,702	5,378	(141,986)	10,607	517,701
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	89,845	757	(27,414)	-	63,188
Vehicles	77,825	-	(1,221)	-	76,604
Construction in progress	16,627	185		(10,607)	6,205
Total cost	1,370,816	9,965	(170,621)	-	1,210,160
Accumulated depreciation					
Building	(98,015)	(20,302)	-	-	(118,317)
Tools and equipment	(536,768)	(32,913)	141,635	-	(428,046)
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	(87,435)	(1,511)	27,348	-	(61,598)
Vehicles	(76,611)	(634)	1,221		(76,024)
Total accumulated depreciation	(798,829)	(55,360)	170,204	-	(683,985)
Property, plant and equipment - net	571,987				526,175
		Consolidated fina	ncial statements (Ir	n Thousand Baht)	
	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
	January 1,2022		Written-off	(Transfer out)	
Cost				(Transier Out)	December 31,2022
Cust				(Transfer out)	December 31,2022
Land	142,062		_	-	December 31,2022
	142,062 395,504	-	-	5,251	
Land		- - 4,297	- - (6,997)	-	142,062
Land Building	395,504	- - 4,297 283	- -	5,251	142,062 400,755
Land Building Tools and equipment	395,504 632,554		- - (6,997)	5,251	142,062 400,755 643,702
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	395,504 632,554 89,805		- (6,997) (243)	5,251	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282	283	- (6,997) (243) (3,457)	5,251 13,848 -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282 31,606	283 - 6,022	(6,997) (243) (3,457) (1,902)	5,251 13,848 -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825 16,627
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282 31,606	283 - 6,022	(6,997) (243) (3,457) (1,902)	5,251 13,848 -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825 16,627
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost Accumulated depreciation	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282 31,606 1,372,813	6,022	(6,997) (243) (3,457) (1,902) (12,599)	5,251 13,848 -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825 16,627 1,370,816
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost Accumulated depreciation Building	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282 31,606 1,372,813	283 - 6,022 10,602 (20,014)	(6,997) (243) (3,457) (1,902) (12,599)	5,251 13,848 -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825 16,627 1,370,816
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost Accumulated depreciation Building Tools and equipment	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282 31,606 1,372,813 (78,001) (510,878)	283 - 6,022 10,602 (20,014) (32,859)	(6,997) (243) (3,457) (1,902) (12,599)	5,251 13,848 -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825 16,627 1,370,816 (98,015) (536,768)
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost  Accumulated depreciation Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282 31,606 1,372,813 (78,001) (510,878) (85,364)	283 - 6,022 10,602 (20,014) (32,859) (2,311)	- (6,997) (243) (3,457) (1,902) (12,599) - 6,969 240	5,251 13,848 -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825 16,627 1,370,816 (98,015) (536,768) (87,435)
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost  Accumulated depreciation Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles	395,504 632,554 89,805 81,282 31,606 1,372,813 (78,001) (510,878) (85,364) (79,428)	283 - 6,022 10,602 (20,014) (32,859) (2,311) (639)	- (6,997) (243) (3,457) (1,902) (12,599) - 6,969 240 3,456	- 5,251 13,848 - - (19,099) - - - -	142,062 400,755 643,702 89,845 77,825 16,627 1,370,816 (98,015) (536,768) (87,435) (76,611)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Separate financial statements (In Thousand Baht)				
	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
	January		Written-off	(Transfer out)	December
	1, 2023				31, 2023
Cost					
Land	140,472	-	-	-	140,472
Building	391,835	-	-	-	391,835
Tools and equipment	475,203	5,164	(120,831)	10,607	370,143
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	79,701	712	(25,044)	-	55,369
Vehicles	61,189	-	(1,221)	-	59,968
Construction in progress	16,627	185	-	(10,607)	6,205
Total cost	1,165,027	6,061	(147,096)		1,023,992
Accumulated depreciation					
Building	(97,247)	(19,770)	-	-	(117,017)
Tools and equipment	(382,815)	(31,239)	120,649	-	(293,405)
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	(77,583)	(1,377)	24,978	-	(53,982)
Vehicles	(59,993)	(627)	1,221		(59,399)
Total accumulated depreciation	(617,638)	(53,013)	146,848		(523,803)
Property, plant and equipment - net	547,389				500,189
		G			
		Separate financ	ial statements (In T	housand Baht)	
	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
	Balance as at  January				Balance as at December
			Disposals /	Transfer in/	
Cost	January		Disposals /	Transfer in/	December
<b>Cost</b> Land	January		Disposals /	Transfer in/	December
	January 1, 2022		Disposals /	Transfer in/	December 31, 2022
Land	January 1, 2022 140,472		Disposals /	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)	December 31, 2022 140,472
Land Building	January 1, 2022 140,472 386,584	Additions	Disposals / Written-off	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)	December 31, 2022 140,472 391,835
Land Building Tools and equipment	January 1, 2022 140,472 386,584 457,848	Additions  3,982	Disposals / Written-off  (475)	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)	December 31, 2022 140,472 391,835 475,203
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687	Additions  3,982	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239)	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)	December 31, 2022 140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687 64,019	Additions 3,982 253 -	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239) (2,830)	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)  - 5,251 13,848	December 31, 2022  140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701 61,189
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687 64,019 31,606	Additions  3,982 253 - 6,022	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239) (2,830) (1,902)	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)  - 5,251 13,848	December 31, 2022  140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701 61,189 16,627
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687 64,019 31,606	Additions  3,982 253 - 6,022	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239) (2,830) (1,902)	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)  - 5,251 13,848	December 31, 2022  140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701 61,189 16,627
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost Accumulated depreciation	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687 64,019 31,606 1,160,216	Additions  3,982 253 - 6,022 10,257	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239) (2,830) (1,902) (5,446)	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)  - 5,251 13,848	December 31, 2022  140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701 61,189 16,627 1,165,027
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost  Accumulated depreciation Building	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687 64,019 31,606 1,160,216  (77,634)	Additions  3,982 253 - 6,022 10,257	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239) (2,830) (1,902) (5,446)	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)  - 5,251 13,848	December 31, 2022  140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701 61,189 16,627 1,165,027
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost Accumulated depreciation Building Tools and equipment	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687 64,019 31,606 1,160,216  (77,634) (352,163)	Additions  3,982 253 - 6,022 10,257  (19,613) (31,104)	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239) (2,830) (1,902) (5,446)  - 452	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)  - 5,251 13,848	December 31, 2022  140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701 61,189 16,627  1,165,027  (97,247) (382,815)
Land Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Vehicles Construction in progress Total cost  Accumulated depreciation Building Tools and equipment Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	January 1, 2022  140,472 386,584 457,848 79,687 64,019 31,606 1,160,216  (77,634) (352,163) (75,713)	Additions  3,982 253 - 6,022 10,257  (19,613) (31,104) (2,106)	Disposals / Written-off  (475) (239) (2,830) (1,902) (5,446)  - 452 236	Transfer in/ (Transfer out)  - 5,251 13,848	December 31, 2022  140,472 391,835 475,203 79,701 61,189 16,627 1,165,027  (97,247) (382,815) (77,583)

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	In Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements			
	For the years ende	d December 31,	For the years ende	ed December 31,		
	2023 2022		2023	2022		
Depreciation charged to the statements						
of comprehensive income						
Cost of sales and services	8,221	11,310	5,245	8,332		
Administrative expenses	47,139	44,513	47,768	45,121		
Total	55,360	55,823	53,013	53,453		

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's certain equipment items have been fully depreciated but are still in use. The gross carrying amount, before deducting accumulated depreciation of those assets, amounted to approximately Baht 432 million and Baht 567 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 330 million and Baht 442 million, respectively).

As at December 31, 2022, the Group has tools and motor vehicles acquired under finance lease agreements, with net book value amounting to approximately Baht 1 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 1 million).

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company has mortgaged land and building which has book value amounting to Baht 100 million with banks to be collateral against credit facilities received from the bank.

#### 17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

### 17.1 Right-of-use assets consists of:

		In Thousand Baht					
	<u> </u>	Consolidated fin	ancial statements				
	Balance as at	at Transactions during the year		Balance as at			
	January 1, 2023	Addition	Change in conditions/ written-off	December 31, 2023			
At cost							
Land and land improvement	5,487	-	(5,487)	-			
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	21,694	14,439	(6,630)	29,503			
Vehicles	9,101	2,501	(5,152)	6,450			
Total	36,282	16,940	(17,269)	35,953			
Less Accumulated depreciation							
Land and land improvement	(5,159)	(328)	5,487	-			
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	(9,771)	(6,228)	6,630	(9,369)			
Vehicles	(6,679)	(2,101)	5,152	(3,628)			
Total	(21,609)	(8,657)	17,269	(12,997)			
Right-of-use assets - net	14,673		=	22,956			

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	In Thousand Baht				
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements		
	Balance as at	Transactions d	uring the year	Balance as at	
	January	Addition	Change in	December	
	1, 2022		conditions/	31, 2022	
			written-off		
At cost					
Land and land improvement	9,820	-	(4,333)	5,487	
Building and building improvement	810	-	(810)	-	
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	20,760	7,123	(6,189)	21,694	
Vehicles	9,188	609	(696)	9,101	
Total	40,578	7,732	(12,028)	36,282	
Less Accumulated depreciation					
Land and land improvement	(6,364)	(3,128)	4,333	(5,159)	
Building and building improvement	(743)	(67)	810	-	
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	(9,876)	(6,084)	6,189	(9,771)	
Vehicles	(5,130)	(2,245)	696	(6,679)	
Total	(22,113)	(11,524)	12,028	(21,609)	
Right-of-use assets - net	18,465		_	14,673	
			=		
		In Thous	and Baht		
		Separate finan	cial statements		
	Balance as at	Transactions d	uring the year	Balance as at	
	January	Addition	Change in	December	
	1, 2023		conditions/	31, 2023	
			written-off		
<u>At cost</u>					
Land and land improvement	1,386	-	(1,386)	-	
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	20,849	5,309	(6,262)	19,896	
Vehicles	3,863	<u> </u>	(2,088)	1,775	
Total	26,098	5,309	(9,736)	21,671	
Less Accumulated depreciation					
Land and land improvement	(1,193)	(193)	1,386	-	
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	(9,221)	(5,641)	6,262	(8,600)	
Vehicles	(2,714)	(320)	2,088	(946)	
Total	(13,128)	(6,154)	9,736	(9,546)	
Right-of-use assets - net	12,970			12,125	
			=		

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	In Thousand Baht				
		Separate finan	cial statements		
	Balance as at	t Transactions during the year		Balance as at	
	January 1, 2022	Addition	Change in conditions/written-off	December 31, 2022	
At cost					
Land and land improvement	1,386	-	-	1,386	
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	19,765	7,123	(6,039)	20,849	
Vehicles	3,863	<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	3,863	
Total	25,014	7,123	(6,039)	26,098	
Less Accumulated depreciation					
Land and land improvement	(731)	(462)	-	(1,193)	
Furniture, fixture and office equipment	(9,424)	(5,836)	6,039	(9,221)	
Vehicles	(2,395)	(319)	<u>-</u>	(2,714)	
Total	(12,550)	(6,617)	6,039	(13,128)	
Right-of-use assets - net	12,464			12,970	

The Group lease several assets including land and land improvement of which lease term 3 years, office buildings, equipment and vehicles of which average lease term during 3 years.

### 18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Consolidated financial statements (In Thousand Baht)				
Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
January		Written-off	(Transfer out)	December
1, 2023				31, 2023
31,268				31,268
31,268				31,268
(22,171)	(2,177)		-	(24,348)
(22,171)	(2,177)		-	(24,348)
9,097				6,920
	Balance as at January 1, 2023  31,268  31,268  (22,171) (22,171)	Balance as at Additions  January 1, 2023  31,268 - 31,268 - (22,171) (2,177) (22,171) (2,177)	Balance as at January       Additions Written-off         1, 2023       Written-off         31,268       -       -         31,268       -       -         (22,171)       (2,177)       -         (22,171)       (2,177)       -	Balance as at January       Additions Written-off       Disposals / Transfer in/ (Transfer out)         1, 2023       — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Consolidated financial statements (In Thousand Baht)				
	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
	January		Written-off	(Transfer out)	December
	1, 2022				31, 2022
Cost					
Computer software	31,118	150			31,268
Total cost	31,118	150			31,268
Accumulated amortisation					
Computer software	(19,939)	(2,232)			(22,171)
Total accumulated amortisation	(19,939)	(2,232)			(22,171)
Intangible assets - net	11,179				9,097
		Separate finar	ncial statements (	In Thousand Baht)	
	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
	January		Written-off	(Transfer out)	December
	1, 2023				31, 2023
Cost					
Computer software	30,621				30,621
Total cost	30,621				30,621
Accumulated amortisation					
Computer software	(21,722)	(2,151)			(23,873)
Total accumulated amortisation	(21,722)	(2,151)			(23,873)
Intangible assets - net	8,899				6,748
		Separate finar	ncial statements (	In Thousand Baht)	
	Balance as at	Additions	Disposals /	Transfer in/	Balance as at
	January		Written-off	(Transfer out)	December
	1, 2022				31, 2022
Cost					
Computer software	30,543	78			30,621
Total cost	30,543	78			30,621
Accumulated amortisation					
Computer software	(19,530)	(2,192)			(21,722)
Total accumulated amortisation	(19,530)	(2,192)			(21,722)
Intangible assets - net	11,013				8,899

	In Thousand Baht						
	Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financial statements  For the years ended December 31,				
	For the years ended	December 31,					
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Amortisation charged to the statements of							
comprehensive income							
Cost of sales and services	27	31	15	17			
Administrative expenses	2,150	2,201	2,136	2,175			
Total	2,177	2,232	2,151	2,192			

### 19. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

19.1 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

		In Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated financi	Consolidated financial statements		statements			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Deferred tax assets	9,534	20,777	6,792	17,869			
Deferred tax liabilities	(527)	(269)	(527)	(286)			
	9,007	20,508	(6,265)	17,583			

Changes in deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, were as follows:

		In Thousand Baht						
	Consolidated financial statements							
	Balance as at	Recognized in Pr	ofit and Loss	Recognized in Other	Balance as at			
	December 31,	Additions	Utilized/	Comprehensive	December 31,			
	2022	Reversal		Income	2023			
Deferred tax assets resulted from								
Allowance for decline in value								
in inventories	139	-	(139)	-	-			
Employee benefit obligations	7,741	1,815	(22)	-	9,534			
Other provision	12,897	<u> </u>	(12,897)					
Total	20,777	1,815	(13,058)		9,534			
Deferred tax liabilities from								
Financial lease	(269)	(258)	=		(527)			
Total	(269)	(258)	=		(527)			
Net	20,508	1,557	(13,058)	<u>-</u>	9,007			

### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

		In Thousand Baht						
		Consol	idated financial sta	atements				
	Balance as at	Recognized in Pr	ofit and Loss	Recognized in Other	Balance as at			
	December 31,	Additions Utilized/		Comprehensive	December 31,			
	2021		Reversal	Income	2022			
Deferred tax assets resulted from								
Allowance for decline in value								
in inventories	139	-	-	-	139			
Employee benefit obligations	12,253	1,577	(2,497)	(3,592)	7,741			
Other provision	15,199	5,873	(8,175)	-	12,897			
Total	27,591	7,450	(10,672)	(3,592)	20,777			
Deferred tax liabilities from								
Financial lease	(287)	-	18	-	(269)			
Total	(287)	-	18	-	(269)			
Net	27,304	7,450	(10,654)	(3,592)	20,508			
		Sena	In Thousand Baht rate financial state					
	Balance as at	Recognized in Pr		Recognized in Other	Balance as at			
	December 31,	Additions	Utilized/	Comprehensive	December 31,			
	2022		Reversal	Income	2023			
Deferred tax assets resulted from								
Allowance for decline in value								
in inventories	139	-	(139)	-	-			
Employee benefit obligations	5,437	1,377	(22)	-	6,792			
Other provision	12,293	<u> </u>	(12,293)					
Total	17,869	1,377	(12,454)		6,792			
Deferred tax liabilities from								
Financial lease	(286)	(241)	=		(527)			
Total	(286)	(241)			(527)			
Net	17,583	1,136	(12,454)		6,265			

		In Thousand Baht							
	Separate financial statements								
	Balance as at	Recognized in P	rofit and Loss	Recognized in Other	Balance as at				
	December 31,	Additions Utilized/		Comprehensive	December 31,				
	2021		Reversal	Income	2022				
Deferred tax assets resulted from									
Allowance for decline in value									
in inventories	139	-	-	-	139				
Employee benefit obligations	7,410	1,173	(1,691)	(1,455)	5,437				
Other provision	11,845	700	(252)		12,293				
Total	19,394	1,873	(1,943)	(1,455)	17,869				
Deferred tax liabilities from									
Financial lease	(333)		47		(286)				
Total	(333)		47		(286)				
Net	19,061	1,873	(1,896)	(1,455)	17,583				

### 20. BANK OVERDRAFTS AND SHORT-TERM LOANS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions are as follows:

			In Thousa	sand Baht		
		Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financial statements		
	Interest rate	As at Decen	As at December 31,		nber 31,	
	(% per annum)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Bank overdrafts	MOR, MOR-1	38,082	13,458	19,542	6,333	
Trust receipts	MLR-0.65, MLR-1	185,686	171,804	12,266	39,370	
Promissory note	MLR-1, MLR-2,	654,693	754,647	226,182	261,700	
	Fixed rate					
Total		878,461	939,909	257,990	307,403	

### 21. TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT PAYABLES

Trade and other current payables were as follows:

	In Thousand Baht				
	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financial statements  As at December 31,		
	As at Decer	nber 31,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Trade accounts payable - related parties	38,266	41,357	24,813	27,219	
Trade accounts payable - unrelated parties	839,628	653,128	385,346	289,576	
Advances from related parties	40	340	2,145	8,322	
Fixed assets payable	2,460	2,057	2,366	1,994	
Accrued interest expense - person or related parties	20,223	3,391	65,765	45,554	
Accrued expenses - unrelated parties	86,491	88,646	50,414	34,551	
Total trade and other current payables	987,108	788,919	530,849	407,216	

### 22. SHORT-TERM LOANS FROM OTHER COMPANIES

The movements of short-term loans from other companies for the year ended December 31, 2023, were as follows:

		In Thousand Baht						
		Consolidated financial statements						
	Interest rate	Balance as at Transactions during the year		Balance as at				
	(% per annum)	December 31, 2022	Increase	Decrease	December 31, 2023			
Other companies	7.00 - 8.00		19,500	-	19,500			
Total		-	19,500	-	19,500			
			In Thousa	nd Baht				
		Separate financial statements						
	Interest rate	Balance as at	Transactions du	ring the year	Balance as at			
	(% per annum)	December 31, 2022	Increase	Decrease	December 31, 2023			
Other companies	8.00		16,000		16,000			
Total			16,000	-	16,000			

The Group have short-term loans from other companies no security to guarantee.

### 23. PROVISION FOR LIABILITIES UNDER CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Provision for liabilities under construction projects are as follows:

		In Thousand Baht						
	Consolid	Consolidated financial statements			Separate financial statements			
	Warranties	Loss on construction	Total	Warranties	Loss on construction	Total		
As at January 1, 2023	3,970	60,516	64,486	3,000	58,463	61,463		
Increase during the year	2,000	247,449	249,449	2,000	164,584	166,584		
Decrease from occurrence of								
actual expense	(119)	(229,598)	(229,717)	(119)	(167,924)	(168,043)		
Reversal of provisions	(2,270)	(29,231)	(31,501)	(2,000)	(29,231)	(31,231)		
As at December 31, 2023	3,581	49,136	52,717	2,881	25,892	28,773		

		In Thousand Baht					
	Consolida	ated financial state	ments	Separate financial statements			
	Warranties	Loss on construction	Total	Warranties	Loss on construction	Total	
As at January 1, 2022	3,455	72,539	75,994	-	59,226	59,226	
Increase during the year	3,500	25,864	29,364	3,500	-	3,500	
Decrease from occurrence of							
actual expense	(1,658)	(37,887)	(39,545)	(500)	(763)	(1,263)	
Reversal of provisions	(1,327)	<u> </u>	(1,327)			-	
As at December 31, 2022	3,970	60,516	64,486	3,000	58,463	61,463	

### 24. LEASE LIABILITIES

The carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movement for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are presented below

	In Thousand Baht				
	Consolio	dated	Separ	rate	
	Financial Statements		Financial Statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Lease liabilities, beginning	18,183	21,264	14,278	14,112	
Addition	16,940	7,732	5,309	7,123	
Accretion of interest	1,169	939	758	682	
Payments	(12,788)	(11,752)	(6,880)	(7,639)	
Decrease from cancel of lease agreement			<u>-</u>		
Lease liabilities, ending	23,504	18,183	13,465	14,278	
<u>Less</u> : current portion	(10,808)	(10,379)	(7,070)	(6,784)	
Lease liabilities - net	12,696	7,804	6,395	7,494	

The following are the amounts recognized in profit or loss:

	In Thousand Baht				
	Consolidated Financial Statements  For the years ended December 31,		Separate Financial Statements  For the years ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	8,657	11,524	6,154	6,617	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,169	939	758	682	
Expense relating to short-term lease	7,656	7,262	5,368	5,246	
Leases of low - value assets	640	668	394	154	
Total	18,122	20,393	12,674	12,699	

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group have total cash outflows for leases of Baht 21 million and Baht 20 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 13 million and Baht 13 million, respectively) and also had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of Baht 17 million and Baht 8 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 5 million and Baht 7 million, respectively).

#### 25. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Other current liabilities are as follows:

	In Thousand Baht				
	Consolidated financial statements  As at December 31,		Separate financial statements  As at December 31,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
VAT payable	-	-	1,452	1,788	
Accrued withholding tax	58,928	33,348	12,284	6,503	
Deposit received	25,000	-	25,000	-	
Others	600	323	643	315	
Total	84,528	33,671	39,379	8,606	

#### 26. NON-CURRENT PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

26.1 Movements in the non-current provision for employee benefits are as follows:

		Consolidated Financial Statements (In Thousand Baht)					
		2023		-			
	Post-employment	Other long- term	Total	Post-employment	Other long- term	Total	
	benefits	benefits		benefits	benefits		
Non-current provisions for employee benefits, beginning	32,884	5,821	38,705	52,807	8,459	61,266	
Gain estimation over actuarial principles	-	-	-	(14,603)	(3,357)	(17,960)	
Current service cost and Interest cost	7,451	1,786	9,237	6,304	1,581	7,885	
Non-current provisions for employee benefits paid	(112)		(112)	(11,624)	(862)	(12,486)	
Non-current provisions for employee benefits, ending	40,223	7,607	47,830	32,884	5,821	38,705	
		Separate Fina	ancial State	ments (In Thousa	and Baht)		
		2023			2022		
	Post-employment	Other long- term	Total	Post-employment	Other long-	Total	
	benefits	benefits		benefits	term benefits		
Non-current provisions for employee benefits, beginning	23,311	3,877	27,188	31,934	5,115	37,049	

_	benefits	benefits		benefits	term benefits	
Non-current provisions for employee benefits, beginning	23,311	3,877	27,188	31,934	5,115	37,049
Gain estimation over actuarial principles	-	-	-	(5,545)	(1,730)	(7,275)
Current service cost and Interest cost	5,681	1,201	6,882	4,808	1,057	5,865
Non-current provisions for employee benefits paid	(112)	-	(112)	(7,886)	(565)	(8,451)
Non-current provisions for employee benefits, ending	28,880	5,078	33,958	23,311	3,877	27,188

26.2 Expenses recognized in the statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	In Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated Finar	ncial Statements	Separate Financial Statements  For the year ended December 31,			
	For the year ended	December 31,				
The statement of comprehensive income	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Recognized in profit or loss						
Cost of construction services	4,716	4,370	3,796	2,664		
Administrative expenses	4,521	3,515	3,086	3,201		
Total	9,237	7,885	6,882	5,865		
Recognized in other comprehensive income						
Gain on actuarial gain loss	<del>-</del> -	(17,960)		(7,275)		
Total	9,237	(10,075)	6,882	(1,410)		

26.3 Gain and loss from the estimate based on actuarial principles recognized in the statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 arise from

		In Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated Fin	ancial Statements	Separate Financial Statements				
	For the year end	ed December 31,	For the year ende	d December 31,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Recognized in other comprehensive income							
Population assumption	-	595	-	248			
Financial assumption	-	3,446	-	2,182			
Improvement from experience		13,919		4,845			
Total		17,960		7,275			

26.4 The main assumptions in the assessment financial assumptions

	(% per annum)						
	Consolidated Fir	nancial Statement	Separate Financial Statement				
	For the year end	For the year ended December 31,		ed December 31,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Discount rate (% per annum)	2.22 - 2.31	2.22 - 2.31	2.22	2.22			
Salary increase rate (% per annum)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
Employee turnover rate (depending on age)	0 - 37.00	0 - 37.00	0 - 37.00	0 - 37.00			
(% per annum)							
Mortality rate	Table of death	Table of death	Table of death	Table of death			
	B.B.2017	B.B.2017	B.B.2017	B.B.2017			
Gold price (Baht)	30,350	30,350	30,350	30,350			

#### 26.5 Sensitivity analysis

The results of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long-term employee benefit obligations as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 are summarized below:

				In Millio	n Baht			
	Consolidated Financial Statements				Se	parate Fina	ncial Staten	nents
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate (Changing 1%)	(2.6)	2.9	(2.4)	2.7	(1.8)	2.0	(1.6)	1.8
Future salary increase rate (Changing 1%)	3.2	(2.9)	2.5	(2.3)	2.2	(2.0)	1.7	(1.6)
Employee turnover rate (Changing 1%)	(2.8)	0.8	(2.5)	0.7	(1.9)	0.5	(1.7)	0.5
Mortality rate (Changing 1 year)	0.2	(0.2)	0.2	(0.2)	0.1	(0.1)	0.1	(0.1)
Gold price (1,000 Baht)	0.1	(0.1)	0.1	(0.1)	0.1	(0.1)	0.1	(0.1)

#### 27. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it has an appropriate financial structure and preserves the ability to continue its business as a going concern.

According to the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's debt-to-equity ratio was (17.45): 1 and 13.38: 1, respectively.

According to the separate statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's debt-to-equity ratio was (9.14): 1 and 8.17: 1, respectively.

#### 28. LEGAL RESERVE

#### Company

Section 116 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 2535 requires that a public company shall allocate not less than 5% of its annual net profit, less any accumulated losses brought forward, to a reserve account ("legal reserve"), until this account reaches an amount not less than 10% of the registered authorised capital. The legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

#### Local subsidiaries

according to the thai civil and commercial code, the subsidiaries are required to set aside to a statutory reserve an amount equal to at least 5% of its net profit each time the company pays out a dividend, until such reserve reaches 10% of its registered share capital. The statutory reserve cannot be used for dividend payment.

#### Overseas subsidiaries

according to the civil and commercial code, the subsidiaries are required to set aside to a statutory reserve an amount equal to at least 10% of its net profit until such reserve reach one-third of the company's capital.

#### 29. EXPENSES BY NATURE

Significant expenses by nature for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follow:

		In Thousan	d Baht	
	Consolidated finar	ncial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Construction materials and consumables				
used and subcontractors costs	1,962,106	2,234,702	532,176	538,656
Salary and wage and other employee benefits	444,218	443,132	358,809	368,198
Depreciation	64,017	67,347	59,167	60,070
Amortisation expenses	2,177	2,232	2,151	2,192
Rental and service expenses from operating lease				
agreements	116,665	99,486	77,793	60,334

#### **30. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (INCOME)**

#### 30.1 Major components of tax expense (income)

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 consisted of:

		In Thousan	d Baht	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financia	l statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Income tax expense (income) shown in profit or loss :				
Current tax expense:				
Income tax expense for the year	945	2,886	-	-
Deferred tax expense (income):				
Changes in temporary differences relating to the				
original recognition and reversal	11,495	3,205	11,318	23
Total	12,440	6,091	11,318	23

30.2 A numerical reconciliation between tax expense (income) and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 which are summarized as follows:

		In Thousa	nd Baht	
	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financia	l statements
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Accounting profit (loss) for the year	(527,875)	(106,463)	(434,389)	(114,084)
The applicable tax rate (%)	15% - 20%	12% - 20%	20%	20%
Tax expense (income) at the applicable tax rate	(105,526)	(15,377)	(86,878)	(22,817)
Reconciliation items:				
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in				
determining tax profit:	(13,477)	4,815	-	-
Tax effect of intercompany transactions				
- Expenses not allowed as expenses in determining				
taxable profit	10,025	11,787	40,691	17,501
- Share of (gain) loss from investment in associated	23,839	-	-	-
- Share of (gain) loss from investment in joint venture	2,820	4,208	-	-
The amount of previously unrecognized tax losses for a prior				
period that is used to reduce current tax expense	-	(6,383)	-	-
Unused tax losses which may net utilise	94,759	7,041	57,505	5,339
Total reconciliation items	117,966	21,468	98,196	22,840
Total tax expense (income)	12,440	6,091	11,318	23

30.3 A numerical reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements				
	2023		2022	:2	
	Tax amount	Tax rate	Tax amount	Tax rate	
	(In Thousand Baht)	(%)	(In Thousand Baht)	(%)	
Accounting profit (loss) before tax expense for the year	(527,875)		(106,463)		
Tax expense (income) at the applicable tax rate	(105,526)	(15 - 20)	(15,377)	(12 - 20)	
Reconciliation items	117,966	22.35	21,468	20.16	
Tax expense (income) at the average effective tax rate	12,440	2.36	6,091	5.72	
		Separate finan	cial statements		
	2023		2022		
	Tax amount	Tax rate	Tax amount	Tax rate	
	(In Thousand Baht)	(%)	(In Thousand Baht)	(%)	
Accounting profit (loss) before tax expense for the year	(434,389)		(114,084)		
Tax expense (income) at the applicable tax rate	(86,878)	(20.00)	(22,817)	(20.00)	
Reconciliation items	98,196	22.60	22,840	20.02	
Tax expense (income) at the average effective tax rate					

Corporate income tax of overseas subsidiaries company is calculated at the rate 12% on taxable profit in excess of 30,000 Omani Rial.

As at December 31, 2023, the Group have deductible temporary differences totaling Baht 2,559 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 2,515 million) (2022: Baht 2,268 million, Separate financial statements: Baht 2,268 million), on which deferred tax assets have not been recognised as the Company believes that it may not utilise the temporary differences in the future.

As at December 31, 2023, the Group have unused tax losses totaling Baht 919 million, USD 10 million (Separate financial statements : Baht 703 million) (2022: Baht 599 million, USD 41 million. (Separate financial statements : Baht 412 million) will expire by 2028.

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#### 31. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing profit (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic earnings (loss) per share:

	For the years ended December 31,					
	Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financial statements			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Profit (loss) for the year (Thousand Baht)	(540,316)	(111,961)	(445,707)	(114,107)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares						
(Thousand shares)	9,587,147	9,587,147	9,587,147	9,587,147		
Earnings per share (Baht per share)	(0.0564)	(0.0117)	(0.0465)	(0.0119)		

#### 32. PROVIDENT FUND

The Group and their employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The Group and their employees contributed to the fund monthly at the rate of 3% - 7% of basic salary. The fund, which is managed by TISCO Asset Management Company Limited, will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. The contributions for the year 2023 amounting to approximately Baht 5 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 3 million) (2022: Baht 5 million, Separate financial statements: Baht 3 million) were recognised as expenses.

#### 33. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance.

For management purposes, the Group are organized into business units based on its products and services and have four reportable segments as follows:

- Pipeline system construction segment
- Engineering system installation and factory construction for energy and petrochemical business segment
- Civil work construction segment
- Sales and other services

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and total assets and on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss and total assets in the financial statements.

The basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments is consistent with that for third party transactions.

The following tables present revenue and profit information regarding the Group' operating segments for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

				In Thousand Baht			
			For the ye	ear ended December	31, 2023		
	Pipeline system	Engineering system	Civil work	Sales and other services	Total Segments	Adjustments and eliminations	Consolidated
Timing of revenue recognition		•					
- Point in time	-	-	-	446	446	(446)	-
- Over time	472,511	-	1,359,407	309,349	2,141,267	-	2,141,267
Revenue from sales and services	472,511	-	1,359,407	309,795	2,141,713	(446)	2,141,267
Depreciation	(26,379)	-	(18,703)	(20,389)	(65,471)	1,454	(64,017)
Administrative expense	(65,865)	-	(111,054)	(49,653)	(226,572)	20,208	(206,364)
Segment profit (loss)	(63,359)	-	(252,292)	(110,318)	(425,969)	46,903	(379,066)
Other income							51,497
Interest revenue							1,115
Financial cost							(68,126)
Share of profit (loss) from investments in							
associated							(119,194)
Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint							
ventures							(14,101)
Profit (loss) before income tax expense							(527,875)
Income tax income (expense)							(12,440)
Profit (loss) for the year						:	(540,315)
				In Thousand Baht			
			For the ye	ear ended December	31, 2022		
	Pipeline system	Engineering	Civil work	Sales and other	Total Segments	Adjustments and	Consolidated
		system		services		.11	
met i e tri						eliminations	
Timing of revenue recognition						eliminations	
- Point in time	-	-		27,038	27,038	(25,438)	1,600
•	- 724,846	-	2,256,144	27,038 360,700	27,038 3,341,690		1,600 3,341,690
- Point in time	724,846 724,846	- - -	2,256,144 2,256,144				
- Point in time - Over time		- - -		360,700	3,341,690	(25,438)	3,341,690
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services	724,846	- - -	2,256,144	360,700 387,738	3,341,690 3,368,728	(25,438)	3,341,690 3,343,290
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services Depreciation	724,846 (31,405)	- - - - -	2,256,144 (19,366)	360,700 387,738 (18,030)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347)
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)	- - - - -	2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321)
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense  Segment profit (loss)	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)	- - - - -	2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321) (35,761)
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense  Segment profit (loss) Other income	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)	- - - - -	2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321) (35,761) 28,519
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense  Segment profit (loss) Other income Interest revenue	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)	- - - - -	2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321) (35,761) 28,519 1,212
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense  Segment profit (loss) Other income Interest revenue Loss from business dissolution in the subsidiary Financial cost Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)	- - - - -	2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321) (35,761) 28,519 1,212 (36,846) (42,550)
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense  Segment profit (loss) Other income Interest revenue Loss from business dissolution in the subsidiary Financial cost Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint ventures	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)		2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321) (35,761) 28,519 1,212 (36,846) (42,550)
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense  Segment profit (loss) Other income Interest revenue Loss from business dissolution in the subsidiary Financial cost Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint ventures Profit (loss) before income tax expense	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)	- - - -	2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321) (35,761) 28,519 1,212 (36,846) (42,550) (21,037) (106,463)
- Point in time - Over time Revenue from sales and services  Depreciation Administrative expense  Segment profit (loss) Other income Interest revenue Loss from business dissolution in the subsidiary Financial cost Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint ventures	724,846 (31,405) (104,365)	- - - -	2,256,144 (19,366) (92,659)	360,700 387,738 (18,030) (61,647)	3,341,690 3,368,728 (68,801) (258,671)	(25,438) - (25,438) 1,454 350	3,341,690 3,343,290 (67,347) (258,321) (35,761) 28,519 1,212 (36,846) (42,550)

#### Geographic information

The Group operated in Thailand only. As a result, all the revenues and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain exclusively to this geographical reportable segment.

#### Major customers

For the year 2023, the Group have revenue from two major customers in amount of Baht 276 million and Baht 218 million, respectively arising from pipeline system segment and other services segment (2022: Baht 726 million and Baht 550 million, two major customers from pipeline system segments).

#### 34. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### 34.1 Purchase construction materials and subcontracted work commitments

As at December 31, 2023, the Group have outstanding commitments of Baht 3,111 million and USD 1 million in respect of purchase construction materials and subcontracted work (Separate financial statements: Baht 187 million and USD 1 million) (December 31, 2022: Baht 3,734 million and USD 1 million in respect of purchase construction materials and subcontracted work (Separate financial statements: Baht 391 million and USD 1 million)).

#### 34.2 Operating lease commitments

The Group have entered into lease agreements in respect of the lease of land, machines, motor vehicles and equipment. The terms of the agreements are generally between 1 and 3 years.

Future minimum lease payments required under these non-cancellable operating lease contracts were as follows.

		In Million Baht				
	Consolidated finance	Consolidated financial statements  As at December 31,		ial statements		
	As at Decen			mber 31,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Payable :						
In up to 1 year	3	4	1	2		
In over 1 and up to 3 years	-	-	-	-		

#### 34.3 Service agreement commitments

The Group have entered into service agreements in respect of the consultant and security. The terms of the agreements are generally between 1 and 2 years.

Future minimum lease payments required under these non-cancellable operating leases contracts were as follows.

		In Million Baht					
	Consolidated fina	Consolidated financial statements  As at December 31,		cial statements			
	As at Dec			ember 31,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Payable :							
In up to 1 year	-	1	-	1			

#### 34.4 Bank guarantees

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, bank guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Group in respect of certain performance bonds as required in the normal course of business were as follows.

_	In Million Baht					
_	Consolidated finance	ial statements	Separate financial statements  As at December 31,			
_	As at Decem	ber 31,				
_	2023	2023 2022		2022		
Guarantee of construction contract						
and bidding	1,049	1,330	250	424		
Guarantee of advance payment bond						
and retention	1,438	1,511	258	192		
Guarantee of others	128	153	88	108		
Total	2,615	2,994	596	724		

As at December 31, 2023, the Group had the obligations from related parties to use the letter of guarantee of the Group amounted Baht 341 million (December 31, 2022 : Baht 341 million).

#### 34.5 Guarantees

- (a) As at December 31, 2023, the Company has commitments from guarantee of credit facilities of the subsidiary amounting to Baht 977 million (December 31, 2022 : Baht 985 million).
- (b) As at December 31, 2023, the Group have commitment from cross guarantee of credit facilities of the Group amounting to Baht 3,230 million (December 31, 2022 : Baht 3,230 million).

#### 34.6 Other commitments

	In Million Baht				
	Consolidated Fina	ncial Statements	Separate Financial Statements		
	As at Dece	ember 31,	As at December 31,		
	2023 2022		2023	2022	
Other commitments					
Construction material purchase		50	-	48	
Total		50	-	48	

#### 35. LITIGATIONS

As at December 31, 2023, the Group was sued claiming damage on the breach of hiring agreement in total 17 cases in the compensation amount of Baht 84 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 27 million), the case is under consideration of the Court. The Group cannot assess the period of cash paid for damages (if any) from such claim. The management of the Group believes such case will not cause significant damage to the Group. The information to fight the case is adequate and stands a chance to win the case. However, the management of the Group have recorded the provisions of Baht 46 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 27 million) in the financial statements.

Significant changes in the lawsuits are as follows:

	Amount		
	(Million Baht)	Status of the Cases	Remark
The Company			
Case 1	20	The case is final.	The Company had filed the litigation against
		(The Company: plaintiff)	others to reclaim the bank guarantee and rep

the government agency and epay the damages. Since the government agency had issued the letter, dated December 6, 2011, to the bank to enforce the bank guarantee, which the Company had submitted to the government agency in accordance with the trade proposal for 20 million Baht due to their consideration that the Company could not fulfil such proposal. The Administrative Court ordered the government agency to return the bank guarantee to the Company and the Company to repay the damage for 10 million Baht with interest at 7.5% p.a. to the government agency. The government agency had appealed to the court. On July 3, 2023, the Supreme Administrative Court ordered the Company to repay the principal of Baht 10.15 million along with the interest at 7.5 percent of the principal of Baht 10 million to the accused person from the suing date (December 28, 2011) to April 10, 2021 and 5 percent per annum of the principal Baht 10 million from April 11, 2023 onwards. On August 25, 2023 the Company paid the amount of the sum with interest to the defendant in total Baht 18.30 million.

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

(Million Baht) Status of the Cases Remark The Company (Cont.) The Company sued the counterparty to pay the fee and damage Case 2 118 The case is final. due to breach of hiring contract on July 30, 2021 in the amount of (The Company: claimant) Baht 121.18 million with interest at 7.5% p.a. On September 16, 2021, the counterparty filed an objection to counterclaim Baht 232.14 million. On December 22, 2021, the appointment and dispute topic were set. Later, the dispute date was postponed on March 1, 2022 and the first witness investigation on July 26, 2022. Due to the withdrawal of the arbitrator, the witness investigation date was cancelled. Later, name list was proposed to appoint a new arbitrator committee. On September 20, 2022 it was scheduled to set a new witness investigation time frame during February 13 - 20, 2023. The witness had been investigated. On April 21, 2023 a statement was submitted to dismiss the case to the arbitrator. On June 30, 2023 the arbitrator ordered the counterparty to compensate the company in the amount of Baht 119 million and the company to compensate the counterparty Baht 61 million and the counterparty to compensate the company on the difference of Baht 58 million. The arbitrator ordered the counterparty to pay the company within 30 days from the

Case 3 24.45 Under scheduling for the court hearing

(The Company : plaintiff)

On June 13, 2023 the project contractor filed to the court on the breach of hire of work agreement and demanded the company to pay debt Baht 24.45 million along with the interest rate 5 percent per annuum of the principal Baht 23.77 million from the suing date until the company pays to this contractor. The lawsuit is under the process of statement filing to the court. The scheduled statement date is August 24, 2023. Later, on September 4, 2023 all parties present themselves in court. The Company filed a statement and countersued the plaintiff to pay damages to the company in the amount Baht 22.31 million. The contractor has scheduled to negotiate with the company. The court permitted to postpone the mediation to reach agreement and settlement of issues on October 9, 2023. Later, both parties could not agree. The court scheduled the plaintiff's witness investigation on February 21, 2024 and defendant's witness investigation on February 22 - 23, 2024. On February 22, 2024 the court scheduled the witness investigation. The case has been completed for trial and it has scheduled the court hearing on April 30, 2024.

arbitration. On July 26, 2023 both parties have an agreement and

already made payment.

The case is under scheduling for the court hearing. The Company recorded such liabilities in the financial statements. The Company's management believes the information in fighting the case is adequate and stands a chance to win the case.

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	7 tilloulit		
	(Million Baht)	Status of the Cases	
The Subsic	liary		
Case 1	28.6	Under the Supreme Court's consideration (The Subsidiary : plaintiff)	The Subsidiary had filed the repay the additional works, exp Baht due to the breach of contradjudged the government agen Baht with interest at 7.5% p.a. a January 22, 2021, the Subsidia additional damage compensation adjudged to dismiss 1 of 2 gove Court and Appeal Court were we Court. On January 10, 2022, the

Case 2 14.15 Awaiting the judgment of the Appeal Court

Amount

(The Subsidiary : objector)

repay the additional works, expenses and damage for totally of 28.6 million Baht due to the breach of contract. On September 25, 2020, the Civil Court adjudged the government agencies to repay the Subsidiary for 4.4 million Baht with interest at 7.5% p.a. and also repay the court and lawyer fees. On January 22, 2021, the Subsidiary had appealed to the Appeal Court for the additional damage compensation. On November 11, 2021, the Appeal Court adjudged to dismiss 1 of 2 government agencies. The court fees of both Civil Court and Appeal Court were waived and maintained the verdict of the Civil Court. On January 10, 2022, the Subsidiary had submitted the claim to the Supreme Court. On April 18, 2022, the subsidiary had filed to the permission for the petition. On January 16, 2023, the Supreme Court ordered to permit accepting the petition for consideration and have the government agency defendant 2 corrected the petition within 15 days from January 16, 2023. At presently, the case is under Supreme Court's consideration.

Remark

litigation against 2 government agencies to

The Subcontractor of the construction project had filed the litigation against the Subsidiary for claims as per the subcontractor contract for 14.15 million Baht (VAT included) with interest at 7.5% p.a. from the claiming date till the proposed date for total dispute amount 16.30 million Baht. This case was under the consideration of the Arbitrators. The Arbitrators determined the judgement day on March 10, 2022 for subsidiary to pay 9.62 million Baht with interest rate 3% from the judgment date with the responsibility for expenses incurred as the subsidiary did not agree with the judgment.

The subsidiary proceeded to withdraw the judgment of the arbitrator to the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade Court. On June 24, 2022, the litigant filed a petition to the court to enforce the final judgment of arbitrator to the Civil Court and requested the subsidiary pay the sum in accordance with the arbitrator's judgment. The Court ordered to investigate the petition on August 30, 2022. On July 12, 2022, the subsidiary filed a petition to the Civil Court to postpone the case consideration as the final judgment of the arbitrator is under the process to withdraw the case by the Central Intellectual Property and International Trade Court. On August 8, 2022, the court has scheduled the hearing for the order to temporarily wait for the court judgment of the case. As the petitioner has filed an objection to court to judge whether the case is governed by the Intellectual Property and International Trade Court. Later, to temporarily wait for court judgment and it was proposed to the Appeal Court of the special case for judgment.

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

Amount
(Million Baht) Status of the Cases Remark

The Subsidiary (Cont.)

Case 2 (Cont.)

On October 17, 2022, the case was judged by the President of the Special Court of Appeal and proposed to transfer the case to the Civil Court. On December 8, 2022, the court permitted the subsidiary to appoint a lawyer. Later, on December 26, 2022, the witness investigation of 2 parties took place between the petitioner and the subsidiary. On February 11, 2023 the court has investigated the witness and petition of both parties. On March 24, 2023 the court ordered to enforce by the judgment of the arbitrator for the subsidiary to pay Baht 9.62 million along with the interest at 3 percent p.a. from March 10, 2022 onwards until payment is complete to the petitioner. Later, on May 24, 2023 the Subsidiary filed an appeal to the court and sent a copy of the appeal to the plaintiff. Presently, the case is under scheduling for the appeal hearing. The case is not final.

The management of the subsidiary believes the information to fight the case is adequate and stands the chance to win the case. The subsidiary has not considered providing a provision in the financial statements.

Case 3 66.8 The case is final

(The Subsidiary : defendant)

On January 14, 2022, the project contractor of the subsidiary filed a charge against the subsidiary on breaches of product and installation service agreement and claiming damages from the subsidiary Baht 66.88 million with interest at 15 percent per annum Baht 61.77 million from the filing date until payment is completely made to plaintiff. The court scheduled for settlement of issues and define the guidelines in taking legal action or witness investigation. On April 3, 2023 the subsidiary filed a statement and countersued such contractor. Later, on July 26, 2023 the court ordered the subsidiary and contractor to negotiate and agree on the damages. Both parties will present information to the management of each party and postpone the mediation. On August 30, 2023, both parties came to court. The plaintiff and defendant could not negotiate and reach agreement. This case is further entered into the witness investigation process.

On November 15, 2023, the court mediated for the subsidiary and the contractor to compromise by allowing the subsidiary to pay debts to the contractor in the amount of Baht 54 million. The subsidiary agreed to pay the plaintiff in monthly installments and the payment shall be completed within 12 installments. The payment schedule is installments 1-3, payment of not less than Baht 3 million, installments 4-12, payment of not less than Baht 5 million starting the first installment payment within February 29, 2024, and payment shall be completed within January 31, 2025. The said lawsuit is final.

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

	Amount (Million Baht)	Status of the Cases	Remark
The Subside	diary (Cont.)		
Case 4	18.13	Pending witness investigation	On October 5, 2023, the Company contracted the subsidiary's
		(The Subsidiary : defendant)	construction project being the plaintiff who filed a lawsuit against a
			subsidiary on breach of contract requesting to pay debt and claiming
			damages for hire of work. The amount of capital is Baht 18.13
			million along with interest at the rate of 5 percent per year of the
			principal amount Baht 18.13 million from the date of filing the
			lawsuit until the defendant completes payment to the plaintiff. On
			January 16, 2024, the subsidiary's and the contractor's lawyers have
			come to court to determine the issue of dispute and set the date for
			examining the plaintiff's witness on May 30, 2024 and examining
			the defendant's witness on May 31, 2024. The case is in the process
			of examining the plaintiff's and defendant's witnesses. The
			subsidiary has recorded this amount of debt in the financial
			statements and the Subsidiary's management believes that the
			information in the legal fight is sufficient and that there is a chance
			of winning the case.

#### **36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Financial risk management

The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed is described below.

#### Credit risk

The Group are exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to trade and other current receivables, and loans to. The Group manage the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts of trade accounts receivables, other current receivable and loans to as stated in the statement of financial position.

Classification and measurement the financial assets and liabilities

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022 the financial assets and liabilities are classified and measured at the amortised cost method.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its deposits at banks, loans to/from and lease liabilities. However, since most of the Group's financial assets and liabilities bear floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate, the interest rate risk is expected to be minimal.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the significant financial assets and liabilities classified by types of interest rates were as follows:

types of interest rates were as	ioilows:			eur D.L.		
				Million Baht		
				Financial Statements		
				cember 31, 2023		
	Fixed into		Floating	Non-interest	Total	Effective
	within	1 - 5 years	interest	Bearing		interest rate
	1 year		rate			(% per annum)
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	_	_	27	_	27	0.00 - 0.55
Trade and other current receivables	_	_	-	203	203	-
Contract assets	_	_	_	2,387	2,387	-
Short-term loans to related parties	6	-	_	-,	6	2.50 - 6.25
Restricted deposits at banks	-	-	86	-	86	0.50
•	6		113	2,590	2,709	
					,	
Financial liabilities						
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from						
financial institution	472	-	406	-	878	4.25 - 8.45
Trade and other current payables	-	-	-	987	987	-
Contract liabilities	-	-	-	560	560	-
Short-term loans from other companies	19	-	-	-	19	7.00 - 8.00
Short-term loans from related parties	280	-	-	-	280	8.00 - 9.00
Accounts payable - retention under						-
construction contracts	-	-	-	361	361	3.81 - 6.58
Lease liabilities	11	13	-		24	
	782	13	406	1,908	3,109	
				Million Baht		
	-			Financial Statements		
				cember 31, 2022		
		erest rates	Floating	Non-interest	Total	Effective
	within	1 - 5 years	interest	Bearing		interest rate
	1 year		rate	·		(% per annum)
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	_	_	15	1	16	0.00 - 0.325
Trade and other current receivables	_	_	-	247	247	-
Contract assets	_	_	_	2,742	2,742	-
Short-term loans to related parties	18	_	-	-,,	18	2.50 - 6.25
Restricted deposits at banks	-	-	54	-	54	0.25
•	18		69	2,990	3,077	
		=======================================				
Financial liabilities						
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from						
financial institution	490	-	450	-	940	3.00 - 7.60
Trade and other current payables	-	-	-	789	789	-
Contract liabilities	-	-	-	618	618	-
Short-term loans from related parties	73	-	-	-	73	6.25 - 8.00
Accounts payable - retention under						
construction contracts	-	-	-	285	285	-
Lease liabilities	10	8	-		18	3.81 - 6.44
	573	8	450	1,692	2,723	

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			In 1	Million Baht		
			Separate fi	nancial statements		
				ecember 31, 2023		
	Fixed into	erest rates	Floating Non- interest		Total	Effective
	within	1 - 5 years	interest	Bearing		interest rate
	1 year		rate			(% per annum)
Financial Assets					_	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	7	-	7	0.00 - 055
Trade and other current receivables	-	-	-	120	120	-
Contract assets	-	-	-	433	433	-
Short-term loans to related parties	3	-	-	-	3	2.50
Restricted deposits at banks	-	-	32	-	32	0.50
	3		39	553	595	
Financial liabilities						
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from						
financial institutions	77	-	181	-	258	5.00 - 7.58
Trade and other current payables	-	_	-	531	531	-
Contract liabilities	_	_	_	75	75	_
Short-term loans from other companies	16	_	_	-	16	8.00
Short-term loans from related parties	929	_	_	_	929	6.25 - 9.00
•	929	-	_	_	929	0.23 - 9.00
Accounts payable - retention under				2.4	2.4	
construction contracts		-	-	34	34	-
Lease liabilities	7	6	<del>-</del>		13	3.81 - 6.46
	1,029	6	181	640	1,856	
			In l	Million Baht		
			Separate fi	nancial statements		
			As at De	ecember 31, 2022		
	Fixed into	erest rates	Floating Non- interest		Total	Effective
	within	1 - 5 years	interest	Bearing		interest rate
	1 year	. <u></u> .,	rate		_	(% per annum)
Financial Assets					_	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	6	1	7	0.00 - 0.325
Trade and other current receivables	-	-	-	144	144	-
Contract assets	-	-	-	553	553	-
Restricted deposits at banks	-	-	26	-	26	0.25
	-		32	698	730	
Financial liabilities						
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from						
financial institutions	307	-	-	-	307	3.47 - 6.60
Trade and other current payables	-	-	-	407	407	-
Contract liabilities	-	-	-	87	87	-
Short-term loans from related parties	712	-	-	-	712	2.50 - 8.00
Accounts payable - retention under					, -2	
construction contracts	_	-	_	33	33	_
Lease liabilities	7	7	_	-	14	6.44
		7				0.11
	1,026			527	1,560	

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises mainly from buying and services transactions and borrowings that are denominated in foreign currencies. In certain circumstances, the Group enter into forward exchange contracts when it considers appropriate.

As at December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group had balances of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are summarised below.

			Consolidated finar	ncial statements			
	Financial	Financial assets as at Financial liabilities as at Average excha  December 31, December 31, December 31,		bilities as at	Average exchan	Average exchange rate as at	
Foreign currency	Decem			December 31,		er 31,	
	2023	2022	2023 2022		2023	2022	
	(Thousand)	(Thousand)	(Thousand)	(Thousand)	(Baht per 1 foreign	currency unit)	
US dollar	-	-	185	10	34.2233	34.5624	
			Separate financi	ial statements			
	Financial	assets as at	Financial lia	abilities as at	Average exchan	ge rate as at	
Foreign currency	Decen	nber 31,	Decem	ber 31,	Decembe	er 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	(Thousand)	(Thousand)	(Thousand)	(Thousand)	(Baht per 1 foreign	currency unit)	
US dollar	21	20	185	10	34.2233	34.5624	

#### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

#### 37. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Changes in the liabilities arising from financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consolidated Financial Statements (In Thousand Baht)					
	Balance as at Cash flows Non-cash		Balance as at			
	January 1,	Increase	transaction	December 31,		
	2023	(decrease)*	Increase	2023		
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions	939,909	(61,448)	-	878,461		
Short-term loans from other companies	-	19,500	-	19,500		
Short-term loans from related parties	73,300	206,802	-	280,102		
Lease liabilities	18,183	(11,619)	16,940	23,504		
Total	1,031,392	153,235	16,940	1,201,567		

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	Consolidated Financial Statements (In Thousand Baht)			
	Balance as at	Cash flows	Non-cash	Balance as at
	January 1,	Increase	transaction	December 31,
	2022	(decrease)*	Increase	2022
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions	796,617	143,292	-	939,909
Short-term loans from related parties	-	73,300	-	73,300
Lease liabilities	21,264	(10,813)	7,732	18,183
Total	817,881	205,779	7,732	1,031,392
	Separated Financial Statements (In Thousand Baht)			
	Balance as at	Cash flows	Non-cash	Balance as at
	January 1,	Increase	Transaction	December 31,
	2023	(decrease)*	Increase	2023
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions	307,403	(49,413)	-	257,990
Short-term loans from other companies	-	16,000	-	16,000
Short-term loans from related parties	712,214	216,330	-	928,544
Lease liabilities	14,278	(6,122)	5,309	13,465
Total	1,033,895	176,795	5,309	1,215,999
	Separated Financial Statements (In Thousand Baht)			
	Balance as at	Cash flows	Non-cash	Balance as at
	January 1,	Increase	Transaction	December 31,
	2022	(decrease)*	Increase	2022
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions	373,158	(65,755)	-	307,403
Short-term loans from related parties	693,000	19,214	-	712,214
Lease liabilities	14,112	(6,957)	7,123	14,278
Total	1,080,270	(53,498)	7,123	1,033,895

<sup>\*</sup> Financing cash flows included net proceed and repayment cash transactions in the statements of cash flows.

#### 38. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on February 28, 2024.